THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,

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LYON, SHORB & CO.,

121 Water street,

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL SIZES OF

MERCHANT BAR IRON,

Of the "Sligo" & "Tyrone" brands.

Gold Closed in New York Last Evening at 145 1-8.

CITY ITEMS.

Remember

McClarran's drug store 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth.

Wonderful Change.

As we were passing along corner Penn and Wayne streets to-day, we happened to call in and see our friends, Messrs. Danley, Close & Co., successors to C. F. Klopfer; it is astonishing. We advise our friends, those who are in want of beautiful parlor and other furniture, to give them a call. The beauty of the thing is they sell ten per cent. cheaper than any other house in the city. Remember the place, corner of Penn and Wayne streets.

Country Merchants Take Notice.

Mr. McClarran has just returned from the Eastern cities with a large and carefully selected stock of drugs, medicines, perfumery, &c., which he will sell far below the usual rates, his principle is turn your goods over often if at a small profit. Call in and see for yourself, at McClarran's drug store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

The Daily Commercial

TUESDAY'S ELECTION.

The returns from nearly every county in the State, that have been received, indicate large Union gains over the vote of 1862, and in some instances there have been decided gains over the vote of last year. It is estimated that the Union majority in the State will not be below ten thousand, while it may exceed fifteen thousand.

THE total coinage at the Philadelphia mint during September last, as reported to the treasury department, amounts to $903,002, $313,447,95 was gold coinage; $49,604·52 silver coinage, and $70,010 copper.

WHERE CHEAP JEWELRY IS MADE.—In the town of Attleborough there are twenty-six establishments for the manufacture of jewelry, with a total capital of $240,750. Last year $338,509 worth of stock was used in the manufacture of these gold and gilt articles, which were valued at $756,625. This furnished employment for six hundred and eighty-seven males and nine hundred and twenty-two females. In the same town there are two establishments for the manufacture of jet pins and ornaments for ladies' dresses and bonnets, buckles, clasps, &c., in which $14,000 worth of sheet brass, gilt and glass were used, producing articles that were valued at $35,000.

NEGROES TO BE WITNESSES IN MISSISSIPPI.—Provisional Governor Sharkey, of Mississippi, on the 25th ult., issued a proclamation in regard to the receiving of testimony of colored witnesses. The Governor says that in all civil and criminal cases in which the rights of the negroes are involved, their testimony may be received in the courts of the State, subject to the same rules as govern in the taking of the evidence of white persons. This was issued after an agreement had been entered into with Colonel Thompson, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, in which it was agreed that officer consented to transfer all cases affecting negroes from the military to the civil tribunals.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

It is said that the State of Mississipi alone is credited with having furnished upwards of seventy-nine thousand negroes and one thousand whites to command them. They are represented to have been raised during the war.

Mr. Romero, the Mexican Minister, has intelligence that President Jaurez was still in El Paso, as late as the 15th of September. If forced to leave that place, he designed removing into Sonora, but in no event did he contemplate giving up the combat, or quitting Mexican soil.

During the month of September, 3,390 acres of public lands were taken up at St. Croix Falls, Wisconsin, and upwards of 5,000 acres were entered at the office in La Crosse.

An extensive fire is said to be sweeping over the Dismal Swamp in Virginia, and thousands of acres are already reported burnt.

OIL CITY CORRESPONDENCE.

Improvements in Oil City—Navigation to Mouth of Pithole Creek—Amusements —Interesting Skiff Race—The Late Fire at Pithole—Strike on Oil Creek.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

OIL CITY, October 9.

The weather here for the past few days has been very pleasant. During the early part of last week, however, overcoats and big fires were in demand. The Surveyor is again at work on the streets. A deep gutter is being cut from Holiday run, to carry off the water, the old sewer not being capable of draining all the water. A good board walk has been laid from the Moran House through the whole length of Main street to the creek bridge. This is a great improvement.

The Advance, Captain Williams, and Charley Carpenter, clerk, has been making trips between this city and mouth of Pithole Creek for several days back. This is the most convenient mode of traveling to Pithole. The Petrolia No. 2, which formerly plied in that trade, is laid up opposite this city, the water being too low for her to run.

The "Varieties" has been doing a slim business for the past week. The new theatre is not yet open, the company not having arrived. The "Varieties" is to be closed for a short season, and the company about to make a tour of the oil regions, striking Franklin, Meadville and Corry, and their new hall is to be built on the west side of the creek. This is merely a report.

D. A. Jones (familiarly known as "Thomas O'Brien"), is in town "dipping in oil."

A skiff race took place at Pithole's Landing, twelve miles above this city on the Allegheny, on Saturday, for a purse of $50, between the Big F., pulled by a Mr. Cooper, four oars, stroke, and the Big Star, pulled by Jim Bishop and T. J. Vandergrift, stroke, resulting in the success of the Big F, winning by four feet. No time was taken. Col. Al. Brown officiated as judge on the occasion. It caused some sensation in that neighborhood, from the fact that it was the first race in that vicinity.

A large fire occurred on Pithole creek this morning, caused by a barrel of oil, near an engine house, catching fire, which exploded, throwing the burning oil in every direction. The result was, the Grant and several other wells were damaged badly, and oil to the amount of four thousand barrels consumed. The loss is reported at one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

The Opera House at Pithole is in full blast, and another is being built to supply the wants of the amusement-loving portion of that community.

A new well was struck to-day on the Egbert Farm, Oil creek. Report says it is yielding two hundred barrels per day.

Yours, W. G.

EXTRAVAGANCE OF FASHION.—The New York correspondent of the Boston *Traveller* relates the following: The remark is made, and passed every season from lip to lip, that the extravagance in dress is on the increase. This season the prospects are that the exactions of Queen Fashion will be more severe than before, even during this prosperous days of war.

It is yet too early for the complete display of the *habitues* of the thoroughfares, for many have not yet returned from Newport and Saratoga, while the warm spell has driven back some who had left their summer haunts to keep from freezing to death.

Jewelry, velvet, silk and poplin will be in great demand this season, and we may believe that they always will be, until they become cheap or reasonable in price. Talk of compelling the traders to come down in their exorbitant demands? Every dealer in New York knows that the higher the prices are the better they sell.

I was lately a in large jewelry establishment when a young gentleman and wife came in and began to look at some very expensive articles of ornament. After they had purchased what they wished, and were apparently on the point of leaving, the lady spied some beautiful ear-rings and asked the clerk to let her look at them.

"Ain't they cunning? Ain't they cunning?" said she. "Husband get 'em for me, come. How much are they, I wonder?"

"Only $2,500," quietly revelled the clerk.

"Is that all?" said the lady. "There, hubby, do get them for me. They will be just as valuable if I die. You know you can sell them."

The husband, however, did not yield to his darling's simple request, whether because he happened to have some sense, or did not happen to have $2,500, I do not know.

They say that the air of Wall street breeds such men as Ketchum. Heavens! There is a power in New York greater than Wall street to incite to crime. That power is woman.

There were two hundred and thirty-seven deaths in Philadelphia last week, of which one hundred and thirty-nine were children.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. III. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 12, 1865. NO. 28.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

GERMANY SEEKING INFORMATION.

OFFICERS ON STAFF DUTY.

The Case of General Briscoe.

Change in Department of Missouri.

Appointments by the President

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, October 11.

Resources of the United States.

The pamphlet of Dr. Wm. Elder upon the resources of the United States, with others of like character, having been translated into German and found their way to Germany, numerous applications from capitalists in that country for more copies for circulation are being received at the Treasury Department. At the request of French bankers, the same publications are to be translated into French for circulation in that country.

Visitors to the White House.

To-day there was a larger crowd of visitors at the White House, than at any time for a week past. The interview seekers were principally females. Mrs. Stephen A. Douglass and Mrs. Surgeon General Barnes were both granted special interviews with the President. But a limited number of pardon-seekers attended, the only one of any note being ex-robel General Peck.

Staff Officers.

An order has been issued by the War Department reducing the number of officers doing staff duty in the army. Commanders of Departments are allowed one officer each in the Adjutant General's, Inspector General's, Quartermaster's, Commissary's and Medical Departments; one Judge Advocate and two Aides-de-Camp, to be selected from officers of their commands. Generals commanding districts are allowed two Aides-de-camp, and general officers without commands are allowed no staff.

Case of General Briscoe.

The counsel for the defense in the case of General Briscoe will summon but few witnesses, and will not attempt to controvert the evidences of the Government showing that he took the funds as charged. They will endeavor to mitigate the sentence by proving his previous good character, and expect to contradict the specification that General Briscoe attempted to fire the building after committing the robbery.

Colored Troops Organized.

Adjutant General Thomas has made an interesting report to the Secretary of War, of his work in the organizing of colored troops in the Mississippi Valley, by which it appears he organized in all over eighty thousand colored troops.

Extra Billy Smith

Is flourishing around the streets and drinking at the bars of Washington, arm in arm with his old companions.

The Pardon Business.

The number of applications for pardon filed at the Attorney General's office up to date is about twenty-seven thousand. About seven thousand pardon warrants have been signed by the President. The applications received average about four hundred a day.

Hospitals.

There are forty hospitals still in use by the Medical Department. One of them is at Hilton Head, South Carolina, and all the others are in the North. An order will soon be issued clearing out and closing most of these.

Death of Surgeon Ducachet.

Surgeon Henry Ducachet, United States Volunteers, son of Rev. Dr. Ducachet, of Philadelphia, died here to-day, of pneumonia.

To be Mustered Out.

The veteran battalion first Colorado cavalry, Lieutenant Colonel Samuel F. Toppon, commanding, is to be mustered out as soon as relieved by other troops. The battalion will be ordered to Denver city for final muster out and payment.

General Steele.

By order of the President, Major General Steele is assigned to the command of the Department of Columbia, with headquarters at Fort Vancouver.

Appointments.

The President to-day made the following appointments of Collectors of Internal Revenue: Rev. D. B. Henderson, for the Third District of Iowa; Wm. A. Price, for the Sixth District of Missouri.

Absent on a Visit.

Hon. Isaac N. Arnold, sixth Auditor, left for the West to-day on a short visit. Chief clerk McGrew will have charge of the office during his absence.

Change of Headquarters.

An order from the War Department directs that the headquarters of the Department of the Missouri shall be transferred to St. Louis.

The Soldiers' vote in Washington—General Pardon to members of the South Carolina Convention—Treatment of Negroes in Alexandria, Va.—Trial of Gen. Briscoe—Stamps on Playing Cards—Change in Military Department—Important Treasury Regulations—Receipts and Expenditures of the Government—General Webster—Texas Indemnity Bonds—A Big Rebel Swindle, &c., &c.

WASHINGTON CITY, October 11.—The polls were opened in various parts of Washington yesterday to afford the comparatively few soldiers here an opportunity of voting. Partial returns show that four companies of the 214th Pennsylvania regiment gave 96 votes, all for the Democratic votes. At the Soldiers' Rest, the 214th Pennsylvania gave Hartranft a majority of nearly 100. At the places opened in the Ohio election, 118 soldiers voted for the Union, and 121 for the Democratic ticket.

The pardon of the members of the South Carolina Convention has been signed by the President, and forwarded to Governor Perry.

In Alexandria on the 30th, a fowling-piece was taken by a Justice of the Peace from a colored man, on the ground that the late Virginia rendered such possession by a negro illegal. Provost Judge Hambrick addressed a letter to the Mayor of Alexandria, stating that all cases of a similar character which may come up hereafter, the colored people will be protected by him in any infringement upon a right guaranteed to them by every decision, and no colored man will be arrested when found with a fowling-piece in his possession, nor will he be liable to arrest if found in the street after the hour of ten. He will further state that this plan will be strictly adhered to. The colored man must be regarded, so far as the right of property and freedom of person is concerned, on the same footing with the white citizen—no more and no less. The Major General commanding the Department of Washington has also directed that all be restored his property, and that the civil authorities be notified of this action by the Provost Judge in all similar cases.

The Treasury Department has issued regulations, the substance of which was published some days ago, for the removal under bond, without the payment of internal revenue taxes, of products or manufactories, within the limits of the late insurrectionary districts, but requiring the taxes to be paid to the Collector of Internal Revenue at the port of destination, either New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston, Cairo, St. Louis, Cincinnati, or New Orleans. The regulations are not to be held to apply to the removal of distilled spirits, coal oil, manufactured tobacco, snuff, or cigars, matches, or quicksilver, which are fully provided for under the regulations of May 1, 1865.

The defense of General Webster, charged with the larceny of certain money, opened to-day. His counsel proposed to show previous good character, and that the accusation emanated from the Judge Advocate objected to the question asked of Maj. General Curtis to this effect, saying it had been too common to bring before the military tribunals of the country, the conduct of the accused parties in the field, when it had no relevancy. Good conduct in the field might, however, be the foreground for Executive clemency after a verdict had been rendered, but it was not within the province of the court to entertain any such consideration.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has caused the subject of the liability of playing cards properly stamped by the manufacturers to an additional stamp duty in the hands of retailers to be carefully reconsidered. After giving the grounds of his decision, he concludes as follows: "I am of opinion that when the manufacturer of playing cards has affixed stamps appropriate to the price per pack at which he sold them, the subsequent vender should not be required to affix any additional stamp thereto."

By an order issued by the War Department, the Department of Mississippi is transferred from the Military Division of the Gulf to the Military Division of Tennessee. The territory of New Mexico is transferred from the Department of California to the Department of Missouri.

The following are the receipts and expenditures of the United States for the quarter ending June 30th, last:

Receipts, exclusive of loans, $80,289,786; from loans, $238,175,631. Total receipts, $318,474,820. Expenditures, $975,767,141, of which $672,914,408 was for the redemption of United States notes, bonds, fractional currency, &c.

Gen. J. D. Webster, Chief of Staff to General Sherman, is in the city, expecting to be immediately mustered out. He has bought an interest in the Catawba Iron Works at Irondale, Jefferson county, Alabama, and intends settling there permanently with his family.

The Secretary of the Treasury lately decided to pay all the Texas indemnity bonds presented at the department with evidence that they were owned by loyal holders, and had been transmitted from the State of Texas only through loyal parties. It is not, however, the intention of the department to pay the bonds presented without a careful scrutiny of the facts in each case. Gov. Hamilton, of Texas, has represented to the Department that certain Texas indemnity bonds were, by officers of the late rebel government, fraudulently taken by the late Treasury, and are now in New York to be disposed of for the benefit of certain rebels who have gone there since the close of the rebellion, and Governor Hamilton protests against the payment of these particular bonds to any party excepting the State of Texas. The facts represented by Governor Hamilton are, that on the 12th of January, 1865, the so-called Military Board of the State of Texas, composed of Geo. P. Murray, rebel governor, and of *ofteco* president of the board, N. B. Beaver, and Jas. S. Holman, made a contract with G. W. White, of Austin, Texas, and John Childs, of Hamilton county, Texas, to deliver them one hundred and thirty-five Texas indemnity bonds with coupons attached, amounting to $157,287 50, White and Childs agreeing to deliver in payment therefor 2,000 cotton cards at five dollars per pair, and the balance in medicines of the best quality. The bonds and coupons were to be delivered to them immediately upon the execution of the contract, on their furnishing satisfactory security for the performance of the contract, or to pay to the Military Board, in case they should fail to fill the contract by delivering the cards and medicines, Texas state 7 per cent. bonds at par, worth at that time about 8 cents on the dollar, while the United States bonds were rated at 80 cents on the dollar when, in fact, they were worth 140, being paid by the Government in gold. On the 12th of January, the date of the contract, White and Childs executed their bond to the State of Texas to secure the performance of their contract, and on the 12th of March following, the Military Board took from the State Treasury the 135 United States indemnity bonds, and delivered them to White and Childs, taking their receipt for the same. No cards or medicine were ever delivered by these parties, but White and Childs have come North and endeavored to obtain pardons by the President, and are trying to dispose of the bonds as their own property in the New York market. Governor Hamilton has requested the Secretary of the Treasury to pay none of these bonds, and it will be advisable for all parties purchasing Texas indemnity bonds, to see that none of them have been taken from the hands of White and Childs, as in such event their payment, against the protest of the State authorities of Texas, is very doubtful. White and Childs have both been in Washington, and are now supposed to be in New York city.

John Greene, chief of the Pottawatamies, was among the visitors at the Presidennt's house to-day.

THE FREEDMEN.

RATIONS ISSUED IN SEPTEMBER.

Washington to be Garrisoned by Colored Troops.

Injustice in the Payment of Colored Soldiers.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, October 11.

Dependent Freedmen.

The number of refugees and freedmen in this district of the Freedmen's Bureau, comprising Washington, Alexandria and several contiguous counties in Maryland and Virginia, is over thirty-four thousand. Only eight hundred and sixty-four of the sick and destitute received rations as a gratuity from the Government during the month of September, and of these a considerable number are the wives and children of colored soldiers killed or disabled in the service of the country.

Garrison of Washington.

Washington is hereafter to be garrisoned by colored troops who have fought gallantly during the war. Several regiments are to be brought here for that purpose, and a large number of those remaining will soon be discharged.

Gen. Fiske reports to the Freedmen's Bureau that on September 21, nine hundred and seventy-nine persons were subsisted by the Government in his Department of Tennessee and Kentucky, and that there are now none, all having been furnished self-supporting employment.

Payment of Colored Troops.

Owing to an an obscurity in the law of Congress providing for the payment of colored troops, it has been decided by the Paymaster-General and Comptroller that the soldiers of the first District of Columbia colored regiment, who carried their bullet-torn flag through the streets of this city yesterday, and who are now to be paid off, must prove that they were not slaves when they enlisted, before they can receive any bounty; and if that be done, that they can receive but one hundred dollars instead of the three hundred dollars allowed to white troops. This is about the first instance known of soldiers being required to furnish evidence before receiving pay, other than that found upon their company muster-rolls. A number of distiguished gentlemen will wait upon Secretary Stanton to-morrow, and urge upon him to overrule these decisions, and order such payments as the most liberal construction of the law will permit.

Pennsylvania Election Returns.

Armstrong County.

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KITTANNING, October 11.—The Republican majority on State ticket in this county is between one and two hundred. Republican county ticket elected by a small majority, except Associate Judge. W. McW.

The Union State ticket in this county will have a majority of from 50 to 100. Hechling, Union candidate for Assembly, has 100 majority. The Union candidates for Sheriff and Treasurer have 15 majority, with one township to hear from which last year gave 17 Democratic majority. It will require the official vote to determine these and other offices. The Democratic candidate for Associate Judge has 100 majority. Col. Sirwell, Democratic candidate for State Senate, has 200 majority. In Kiskiminitas township, fifteen deserters were allowed to vote, it is reported, the election officers being all Democrats.

Cambria County.

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PHILADELPHIA, October 11.—The Union majority in the State is estimated at ten thousand, with a gain of several members of the Assembly in Philadelphia. John Given, the Union candidate for City Commissioner, is defeated by Major D. P. Weaver, Democrat, by 1,400 majority, Given running nearly 9,000 behind his ticket.

Bedford County.

Bedford county gives a Democratic majority of about 1,000, a Union gain of over 500.

Chester County.

Chester county gives a Republican majority of 2,000, a Union loss of 550.

Montgomery County.

Returns from 27 out of 38 districts show a Union gain of 351 over the vote of 1862.

Mercer County.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

Union gains in every township. Returns nearly in. The Union majority so far is 900, a gain over last October of 600. T. J. N.

Indiana County.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

INDIANA, PA., Oct. 11.—White's majority for Senate in Indiana county is over 2,000. The State ticket is nearly the same. H.

Westmoreland County.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

GREENSBURG, October 11.—Twenty-six districts in. The Union gain over the Congressional vote of last year 291. The Democratic majority in the county is about 1100. D. W. S.

THE BOYD'S HILL MURDER.

TRIAL OF AUGUST FRECKE.

Marschall on the Witness Stand.

The Doctrine Of Future Rewards and Punishment Considered.

Yesterday morning the Court of Oyer and Terminer was crowded at the opening, and remained so throughout the day. Shortly after nine o'clock, August Frecke, charged with being a party to the Boyd's Hill murder, was brought into court and assigned a chair near to Messrs. Siebeneck, Miller, and McHenry, his counsel.

Seated near the District Attorney were Messrs. Mellon and Robb, his assistants in the case.

After the usual preliminaries, the court proceed to empannel a jury, with the following result:

THE JURY.

John Horner, Robert McGowan, Fifth Ward; John Ellis, of Lawrenceville; John F. McKnight, of Ross Township; James Lippincott, Levi Wade, Fourth Ward; Joseph Mates, Shaweden Township; John Sill, Versailles Township; Wm. Kennedy, Fawn Township; Wm. Morrow, Fourth Ward, Allegheny; David McKee, Ninth Ward; Isaac N. McDeemer, Moon Township.

READING OF THE INDICTMENT.

Mr. Petty, the Clerk of the Court, read the indictment to the prisoner, in which he is charged with the murder of the unknown man on Boyd's Hill, on the night of the 23d of August last. The prisoner stood erect during the reading of the document, and gave no indication whatever of nervousness, but behaved with becoming solemnity, showing that he felt the awfulness of his position.

OPENING OF THE CASE BY THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Mr. Kirkpatrick in opening the case for the Commonwealth, delivered to the jury a brief and eloquent review of the circumstances of the case before the Court, and intimated that unless the Court expected he should introduce as a witness, Benjamin Bernard Marschall.

TESTIMONY OF CORONER CLAWSON.

The Coroner's testimony was precisely the same as that given in the case of Marschall, which was duly published in the COMMERCIAL.

TESTIMONY OF MAYOR LOWRY.

I found the body of the murdered man on the morning of the 24th of August, on Boyd's Hill; the man was lying on his face, and there were two big cuts in his back, one almost extensive enough to insert a man's stout fist; on turning over the body, discovered the throat was cut; every pocket of the man's clothing was turned inside out, and his hat, shoes and stockings taken off. The body was taken to Dr. Overy's, and thence to the Mayor's office, where it remained some time for identification; nothing was discovered to indicate the murdered man's name.

Cross-examined.—First saw the body about half past five o'clock in the morning; Allen Wilson, of the police, in charge of the Boyd's Hill District, first informed me of the murder.

Re-direct.—Have seen the prisoner, Frecke, on Friday, 25th September, at the Mayor's office, in the afternoon; officers Wilmot and Messner had charge of him; I sent them to Mr. Schoyer, and stepped there till supper-time in conversation with Frecke, and he made statements to me.

Cross-examined by Mr. Miller for defense—The first interview I had with Frecke I made a statement before he made it, I told him that I had arrested him for being concerned with Marschall, then under arrest, on certain burglaries; I had at that time received a letter from Marschall; I also stated to him (Frecke) that I doubted his statement in New York, and told him that was the case when he was here before; this I called to officer Messner, and had him caution Frecke, in my name, that anything he did or said was not to his benefit. I told the officer to tell Frecke that we had him arrested on a charge of burglary, and that there was another charge he would be made up to. I told the officer to tell him that it was in reference to the murder of a man found on Boyd's Hill. I told the officer to tell Frecke that he must make no statement unless he would voluntarily and of his own accord. I told the officer to tell Frecke that he (the prisoner) understood him. The conversation was in German and repeated, and the prisoner indicated that he understood it perfectly well. I told the caution privately; his statement was taken down in writing two days afterwards; Frecke must have sent Marschall a double letter; I did not tell him that Marschall had made a clean breast of the murder; Frecke spoke to Messner in German, and what he said was reported to me in English by Messner.

Re-direct.—Mr. Andrews Frecke considerably.

TESTIMONY OF OFFICER KEPNER.

I am a member of the Mayor's police; I went to McKeesport on the 23d of September last, in company with Officer Wilmot; Officer Frecke was arrested in his garden about a quarter of a mile from McKeesport; Ernest Miller was with us; we saw Frecke digging potatoes; he was in his shirt sleeves, having socks in the path of a garden; we proceeded at once to arrest him; he made no resistance; he went here for that purpose, and a large number of those remaining will soon be discharged.

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Philadelphia County.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.—Returns of the election from the interior of the State come in very slowly, and as yet are very indefinite, but it is generally conceded that the Union majority will be large. For Mayor in Philadelphia, McMichael's majority for Mayor is 5,109; Hartranft's, for Auditor General, 7,692; Campbell's, for Surveyor General, 7,736. All the Union delegates be elected. Two Union Senators, fifteen Union and three Democratic Assemblymen are elected. The Union candidate for District Attorney has 5,000 majority. The vote in the city was the largest ever cast, except at a Presidential election, it being not less than 87,000.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.—The Union majority in the State is estimated at ten thousand, with a gain of several members of the Assembly in Philadelphia. John Given, the Union candidate for City Commissioner, is defeated by Major D. P. Weaver, Democrat, by 1,400 majority, Given running nearly 9,000 behind his ticket.

Bedford County.

Bedford county gives a Democratic majority of about 1,000, a Union gain of over 500.

Chester County.

Chester county gives a Republican majority of 2,000, a Union loss of 550.

Montgomery County.

Returns from 27 out of 38 districts show a Union gain of 351 over the vote of 1862.

Mercer County.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

Union gains in every township. Returns nearly in. The Union majority so far is 900, a gain over last October of 600. T. J. N.

Indiana County.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

INDIANA, PA., Oct. 11.—White's majority for Senate in Indiana county is over 2,000. The State ticket is nearly the same. H.

Westmoreland County.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

GREENSBURG, October 11.—Twenty-six districts in. The Union gain over the Congressional vote of last year 291. The Democratic majority in the county is about 1100. D. W. S.

MR. VON BONNHORST, RESUMED.

Ben gave me a trunk; I asked him how Ben had given Ellen a trunk when they were such bad friends; he answered that Ben was put out because he (Frecke) had lost his trunk in Philadelphia. I recollect a ring, a gold watch and a pipe being shown to Frecke; I asked him if he had ever seen that watch with the stranger; he said he had, and he recognized it by a pivot in the handle; he said he had never seen the ring; I was present at the interview when Marschall made a statement to Germain.

The defence objected to the witness stating what effect that part of the statement bearing upon the approach to the place of murder had upon Frecke.

Objection sustained.

Frecke said he had taken a chest, which Marschall had given him, to a store; it was taken from Miller's to Schwarberg's; he said he had got it at a tavern in Water street, below the glass works; his recognition of the watch was almost instantaneous; he recognized the pipe by a crack in the side of the bowl; he said that their relations were not very friendly before they left Pittsburgh; the reason why he left working at the brickyard was Ben's conduct; they were not friendly, and that was the reason they sat at such a distance from each other in the cars.

Cross-examined—This statement was made in presence of Marschall.

MARSCHALL IN COURT.

Marschall was in court during most of the latter part of the statement by Mr. Von Bonnhorst.

MARSCHALL CALLED AS A WITNESS.

As soon as the District Attorney put Marschall on the stand, Mr. Miller, of counsel for the defense, put in an objection to him as a witness, presenting to the Court the following as his reasons:

1st. That Marschall, the witness on the stand, is incompetent, because he is jointly indicted with the prisoner, and has on the said indictment been convicted of murder in the first degree.

2d. That Marschall should be rejected because he is the principal offender, and is so charged in the indictment.

3d. Because the history of the administration of criminal justice and its precedents would justify the witness in expecting from the authorities a recommendation for pardon on the ground that he had been used as a witness against his accomplices.

Mr. Miller argued the objection at some length. In the course of his speech he took opportunity to characterize Marschall as a bold, reckless man, who had got beyond caring for consequences.

Mr. Kirkpatrick in reply to Mr. Miller's objections made quotations from Greenleaf's Evidence, vol. 1, page 380, the same, page 381, section 379; Porter's Criminal Law, Sec. 705, and the legal decisions of the Federal Law of Pennsylvania. He followed his citations with a short and eloquent argument, in the course of which he observed that the object of the counsel for the defense in reference to Marschall, he appeared on the witness stand as an honest man, with the same object in his mind, and his motive to subserve beyond the development of the truth in reference to the case on trial.

The Court, after consultation, decided to admit Marschall's evidence, stating that it was in this case as competent as a dying testimony.

Marschall then proceeded with the narrative which follows:

MARSCHALL'S TESTIMONY.

My name is Benjamin Bernard Marschall; I know the prisoner quite well; have known him since last fall; I knew him pretty well since that time; we were in New York together in the month of August; we were here about 5 o'clock P. M.; we stopped three or four hours on the road; got to New York on Tuesday afternoon about 4 o'clock.

Defense objected to Marschall saying anything about his reason for going to New York, or anything connected with it.

Court—It is not necessary to have all these details if counsel objects.

Marschall—We were together in New York; we staid there about two days; we left there and became together; we made the acquaintance of a stranger on the boat between New York and Albany; Frecke and I and the stranger left with me in Philadelphia; as soon as we got there we went to the market and got a meal together; he and the stranger left together; I remained in Philadelphia and got some beer till about six o'clock; took cars to West Philadelphia; stopped there till supper-time; had conversation with Frecke, and he made statements to me.

Cross-examined by Mr. Miller for defense—The first interview I had with Frecke I made a statement before he made it, I told him that I had arrested him for being concerned with Marschall, then under arrest, on certain burglaries; I had at that time received a letter from Marschall; I also stated to him (Frecke) that I doubted his statement in New York, and told him that was the case when he was here before; this I called to officer Messner, and had him caution Frecke, in my name, that anything he did or said was not to his benefit. I told the officer to tell Frecke that we had him arrested on a charge of burglary, and that there was another charge he would be made up to. I told the officer to tell him that it was in reference to the murder of a man found on Boyd's Hill. I told the officer to tell Frecke that he must make no statement unless he would voluntarily and of his own accord. I told the officer to tell Frecke that he (the prisoner) understood him. The conversation was in German and repeated, and the prisoner indicated that he understood it perfectly well. I told the caution privately; his statement was taken down in writing two days afterwards; Frecke must have sent Marschall a double letter; I did not tell him that Marschall had made a clean breast of the murder; Frecke spoke to Messner in German, and what he said was reported to me in English by Messner.

Re-direct.—Mr. Andrews Frecke considerably.

TESTIMONY OF OFFICER KEPNER.

I am a member of the Mayor's police; I went to McKeesport on the 23d of September last, in company with Officer Wilmot; Officer Frecke was arrested in his garden about a quarter of a mile from McKeesport; Ernest Miller was with us; we saw Frecke digging potatoes; he was in his shirt sleeves, having socks in the path of a garden; we proceeded at once to arrest him; he made no resistance; he went here for that purpose, and a large number of those remaining will soon be discharged.

Gen. Fiske reports to the Freedmen's Bureau that on September 21, nine hundred and seventy-nine persons were subsisted by the Government in his Department of Tennessee and Kentucky, and that there are now none, all having been furnished self-supporting employment.

Payment of Colored Troops.

Owing to an an obscurity in the law of Congress providing for the payment of colored troops, it has been decided by the Paymaster-General and Comptroller that the soldiers of the first District of Columbia colored regiment, who carried their bullet-torn flag through the streets of this city yesterday, and who are now to be paid off, must prove that they were not slaves when they enlisted, before they can receive any bounty; and if that be done, that they can receive but one hundred dollars instead of the three hundred dollars allowed to white troops. This is about the first instance known of soldiers being required to furnish evidence before receiving pay, other than that found upon their company muster-rolls. A number of distiguished gentlemen will wait upon Secretary Stanton to-morrow, and urge upon him to overrule these decisions, and order such payments as the most liberal construction of the law will permit.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

THE AMERICAN FREEDMEN'S AID COMMISSION.

Meeting in Philadelphia Last Night.

Speeches by Bishop McIlvaine, Rev. Dr. Bellows, Henry Ward Beecher, and William Lloyd Garrison.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.

There were three thousand present at the meeting of the American Freedmen's Aid Commission, at the Academy of Music. Bishop McIlvaine, President, and Rev. Dr. Yarnall, also of the Convention, opened with prayer, and other members indicated sympathy by their presence. The meeting is the first which has been held here since the consolidation of the local with the national societies. Bishop McIlvaine made a noble speech, brief, fervent and grateful for the extinction of slavery. Next to restoration of the Union, God had shown us the way out of national peril and disgrace by removing the mountain that lay across our path. The time will come when every one at the South will say slavery always was a curse; we said it was, and the deliverance of liberty is all we claim for it. The freedmen are God's children in our hands. God will come out in judgment if we do not our duty by them in education and developing their manhood.

Bishop Simpson, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, referred to what Philadelphia had done for this cause. A year ago she pledged and raised in the city one hundred thousand dollars. Other localities had also worked liberally. Now the effort is made national in this American Freedmen's Aid Commission. He referred to the wants of the five million blacks, pressing as special reasons for effort now, the suffering in the winter season, and loss of crops. We have work at the North to educate public opinion. The Government will not dare neglect the rights and claims of the blacks. We are friendly to the South, and will furnish them what they cannot furnish. Six hundred and fifty teachers are there now, at an expense of $90 apiece yearly.

The time is not long, but the freedmen are ready to take hold and use the help. Fifty thousand black children are now in the schools lear

The Daily Commercial

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1865.

THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE RESULT.

The result of our State election has rather astonished both sides. The politicians had less to do with it than with any election within the recollection of the present generation of voters. There was little of machinery or other appliances, none of the usual clap-trap to which parties sometimes resort, to produce excitement,—consequently there was none. The result is a significant one,—not alone for these features of the canvass,—it is significant for the large majority by which the State has been carried, more especially for the motives which supplied the place of the usual appliances, and for the end which the people had in view.

These motives and this end can be expressed in no way so well as by saying, *that the people intended to sustain the National Administration, particularly the President, in his efforts to restore the Union.* This purpose was first instilled by no Convention or speeches,—it was original with the people themselves, and neither Conventions nor orators could have defeated it. The Democratic party claimed to be devoted to it, but the people did not believe it; and one significance of the result is, that this party is regarded as having deliberately undertaken to befool the people into the belief that the President and his policy could be supported through it;—a pretension which has been repudiated in the splendid victory which alike indorses that policy and the Republican Union party as the only party which can be trusted with the management of momentous concerns of the Nation.

For this result we are in a very large measure indebted to the soldiers, who, though returned to civil life, do not regard themselves as having been mustered out as guardians of the holy cause for which their brothers died, and they, on a hundred fields, perilled everything. We cannot place too much emphasis on this,—and we take this occasion to thank, as the Republican party, not only while rejoicing in its hours of triumph, but as it ever will thank them, the soldiers, for the part they bore in the contest on Tuesday. To them the honor of the victory belongs,—a victory supplementary to those won on many a bloody field, where the same principles which have triumphed now were at stake. In plain terms, the soldiers approve of the course of ANDREW JOHNSON, and recognizing the grand fact that the Republican party is of him and he of it, they followed the direction of principle, marched right on as they have been marching for four long bloody years, all the while "keeping step to the music of the Union," and the consequence is, the administration has been nobly sustained in a splendid Republican Union victory. Let the President be encouraged in his efforts; let him be admonished that the people of Pennsylvania, more especially the splendid aggregation of patriotism and intelligence represented by the soldiers, return to civil life, confidently hold that while the Union must be restored, and the triumph of freedom made perfect, the crime of treason must be punished.

The effect of this victory is neither local nor transitory. It will exert a happy influence, not only on elections yet to take place, but it will strengthen the President and his Cabinet—it will instruct Congress, give tone to public sentiment, and make certain the future. To the Democratic party it is a complete and lasting overthrow. That party, bankrupt and broken, undertook to recuperate its fortunes by drawing large drafts on the credulity of the people, and it has gone to speedy protest under an accumulation of sins and debt, from which it cannot hope to recover. The miserable shift it undertook to play off before the people will prove to be the last spasm of an object, which, after coalescing for four years with treason, undertook to clothe itself in the garb of loyalty, and to be the supporter of the President, who, in his efforts for the Union he loves, abhors it for undisguised complicity with its baffled enemies.

DISAPPOINTED SOLDIER CANDIDATES.

We have very decided sympathy for those soldiers who unfortunately allowed their names to go before the people as candidates on the so-called Democratic ticket. We honestly warned them of their danger at the time of their nomination. We had seen much of the imposition that was in various ways practiced on our brave soldiers. And we clearly saw that the wire-pulling politicians of that party were putting them into a false position, where they would appear to disadvantage and where it was morally impossible that they would gain any thing as an offset to the humiliation. The politicians on that side were wondrously liberal to the soldiers when they had the empty and hopeless honors of *nomination* to dispose of. Had there been any chance of election, they would probably have been more considerate of their own yearnings for office. All this we seasonably suggested to our soldier-friends three months ago. They cannot blame us, then, for the mortification they feel to-day, on finding themselves badly beaten by their Union opponents, and, what is worse to bear, badly *sold* by their new-found political friends. The thing has turned out just as we expected; and we do the politicians on the other side the justice to add, that it has turned out just as they expected. Finding their game of hostility and denunciation against the war and the Government to be a losing game, and themselves "going to the bad" faster and faster, they thought that they might possibly gloss over their unfortunate war record with a little soldier varnish, and so they mustered the names of some of the luckless boys in blue on their ticket, to weather the Fall election. But the result has hardly come up to their hopes in that respect. They have put the soldier candidates to the mortification of a terrible defeat, in order to save a small fraction of their own waning credit. They miscalculated, to some extent, the intelligence of the voters, and especially of the great body of our soldier voters.

We advise our soldier friends, especially those who have been deceived by the sham Democracy this time, to by chary of their friendship in politics hereafter, as they have fought for the Union and beside Union men in the war, they would be wise to keep the same end in view and to keep the same creditable company, in the exercise of their political principles. The Union party names worthy soldiers for office, where they can be elected. The opposition puts them to the charge in their skirmish times against positions that there is no hope of taking. This is part of the difference.

FENIANS ON THE SKIRMISH LINE.

Some of the members of this order have run against the enemy before they were quite prepared for it. This often happens from a too confident advance of a skirmish line. The English Government has perhaps been encouraging this temerity by the tone of its utterances heretofore, as though there were nothing in the Fenian movement. But it has now joined issue with the enemy, and which side is suffering most from alarm, just now, it might be a difficult problem to solve. The British authorities, however, have initiated against the Fenian movement such measures as the arrest of persons, the seizure of papers and the disarming of Irish counties.

The developments of the plans of the Fenians do not augur well for their ultimate success. The general assassination of the nobility is a forbidding feature. St. BARTHOLOMEW's day has made that mode of getting rid of enemies eternally odious. Besides, assassination has a particularly bad sound in the American ear just now. The sending of little dribblets of money from this country to Ireland shows a want of breadth and unity in the plan, if there is any political plan such as is attributed to this society. Their numbers are of no account, unless they have an organization that receives their contributions and confidence, and makes use of them according to some uniform purpose.

We are mere spectators of the scene, which begins to increase in interest as the practical collision commences. We have no partisan feeling to gratify on either hand, for our old national principles, adopted from the counsel of WASHINGTON, have thus far kept us from entanglement in European politics. But we confess to a little curiosity to see how England will deal with the preliminary symptoms of a hostile and formidable conspiracy, and how she will treat an incipient Irish rebellion, and whether any and what evidence she may give of modified notions concerning questions of National Neutrality and the Rights of Belligerents.

THE PRESIDENT'S POLICY ABROAD.

The policy of President JOHNSON, especially so far as it was declared in his speech to the Southern delegation, a few weeks since, is exerting a most happy influence on public sentiment and American interests abroad. The nations perceive from it how wrong they have been in their predictions that the rebellion inflicted a blow from which the Republic would not recover. The consequence is, our national and other securities are rising in the markets of the world. The practical wisdom and sound statesmanship of President JOHNSON are giving us a solid character wherever those qualities are appreciated. The result of the Pennsylvania election, showing as it does that the President is sustained, will increase the general confidence which was inspired abroad by previous advices from this country.

ELECTION RETURNS—TELEGRAPHIC COURTESIES.

It is but right that we should make public acknowledgment for the facilities and courtesies extended to us by Mr. CASSELBURY, of the American Line, and by Mr. FULLWOOD, of the United States Line, on Tuesday night, for obtaining election returns. To Mr. CASSELBURY, especially, we owe an apology for omitting to give the credit to his line which we gave for similar favors to the other. We did not alone, nor did our readers solely, have the satisfaction which these early dispatches afforded, but the thousands who congregated in front of the COMMERCIAL office to learn how the State had gone; and we presume they will join us in the thanks which are so eminently due.

PARDONING REBELS.—Senator WILSON, in a speech made in Westchester county, N. Y., on Monday evening last, expressed himself on the subject of pardoning rebels as follows: "Some think that we are pardoning rebels too fast; I don't. I would have selected, some two or three hundred of the more principal of the leaders and would not have pardoned them,—*the rest should have gone free.*" When a distinguished New England Senator holds such a view on a vital point of the President's policy, how necessary it becomes that there should be toleration of views on the whole question of reconstruction! "Universal amnesty" has taken a strong hold on New England sentiment, and while from one quarter the President is badgered for not pardoning enough rebels, he is kicked and cuffed from another for pardoning so many. And so it is on other questions. From the multiplicity of views and counsels, a clear-headed, independent man, like ANDREW JOHNSON, is very likely to select the path lying nearest to wisdom.

CHEAP.—A foreign correspondent says that there are no less than fifty thousand American travelers in Europe at the present time, and that they spend two million dollars a year. If these numbers are correct, the rest of us, too, had better go traveling in Europe, since it is cheaper than to stay at home. Two hundred dollars a year is cheap living, not to say traveling. If people can make the tour of Europe so cheaply, it is no wonder travel increases. But if the idea should get currency, that it is less costly to travel than to stay at home, the travel will decline rapidly. We apprehend that the correspondent must be mistaken. We would strike off half from the fifty thousand travelers, in order to give him twice as large an allowance of spending money.

CONNECTICUT.—It is an instructive fact, that when the State of Connecticut decided against negro suffrage, the Republicans maintained their supremacy in the town elections. Many of the towns which gave the heaviest majorities against negro suffrage, elected Republican local officers. It is the greatest piece of impudence imaginable for the Democrats to claim that, because the State has voted down negro suffrage, the State is consequently Democratic. The Republicans have simply sustained the Administration, by acting on the principle that the State's may regulate suffrage for themselves.

PITTSBURGH BOARD OF TRADE.

An Appeal to the Public.

BOARD OF TRADE ROOMS, Oct. 10, 1865.

To the Business Men of Pittsburgh:

The undersigned, a committee appointed to urge upon the community of Pittsburgh a more active support of the Board of Trade, apprehend that in the feeling now existing of the necessity of some common business center to facilitate transactions, their labor is, to some degree, already performed.

The community, although divided into many municipalities, is but one in business interests. In this respect there are no surveyor's lines to prevent the immediate concentration around an executive body, which, taking a lively interest in the welfare of the whole community, shall be the guardian and promoter of all its interests. The history of all legislation shows that no representation of a wrong or solicitation of a benefit, has so much influence as petitions coming from Boards of Trade. They are looked upon as the authorized exponents of the wishes of the commercial communities by whom they are erected; and the expression of approval or condemnation is correspondingly estimated.

For more than thirty years, the Pittsburgh Board of Trade has exercised its influence with greater or less efficiency for the good of the community, acting upon the best judgment of its members. During that period it has been frequently called upon to avert threatened prejudicial legislation, and to secure beneficial enactments. Impaired as that influence has been by the intermittent support given it by our business men, yet its records prove that its voice has been seldom raised in vain.

Boards of Trade being, in fact, commercial legislative bodies, they must necessarily have the adhesion, attendance, and warm support of the business men of the community, whose interests they are expected to advance. While the Pittsburgh Board of Trade, from its foundation, has had the steady co-operation of some of our best business firms, yet the support of many (and as to a large number wholly withheld) has been so difficult that it has been necessary on several occasions since its formation to solicit publicly, by committee, a more general support and more efficient membership.

The present committee, appointed for that purpose, will not repeat old arguments, believing the advantages of the Board of Trade to be fully understood. They would simply point to the facts connected with the existence of the Chambers of Commerce of Milwaukee, Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis and Cincinnati, as examples of the great good to the whole business community resulting from a hearty support to such associations. The facility which is afforded to the transaction of business in those communities by the Exchange connected with those bodies, is also so well understood as to need no comment upon our part. We would simply ask why such a desirable state of affairs should be wanting in this community, and we appeal to our business men to throw off that apathy that has heretofore characterized them in relation to a matter so vital to the influence of this community, and come heartily up to the support of the institution in the movement they are about making to give greater efficiency to the association, and to reopen the daily Exchange.

In 1854 the Pittsburgh Board of Trade had nearly three hundred members, and there was attached to the association a daily Exchange in successful operation. While the Board of Trade has continued its functions, the "Daily Change," after two years of successful career and one of checkered existence, was discontinued.

In the past eleven years the city has so increased that a "Daily Change" has become a far greater necessity than in 1854, when its commercial transactions were confined to the narrower bounds.

Since 1854 the city has perhaps doubled the number of its business houses, while many large and new interests have been developed in the community. The Directors of the Board of Trade of Pittsburgh, while feeling that a reopening of the Daily Exchange is urgently called for from all the circumstances that now surround the business of the community, consider that the present membership of the institution yields an income insufficient for the increased expenses that its revival would involve. Acting upon this judgment, they have appointed Block Committees to solicit new members, feeling that if in 1854, the city of Pittsburgh furnished three hundred members for the association the present community of Pittsburgh should in 1865 yield not less than six hundred prompt paying members.

The Committee to whom was entrusted the duty of laying the subject before the business men of the two cities and adjoining boroughs, would simply urge, in conclusion, that *the membership fee of ten dollars annually* is too trifling a sum to be considered by any who desires to have the community of Pittsburgh occupy, by means of her Board of Trade and Daily Exchange, the influential commercial position she should, in the business of the country, and in the legislative chambers of the State and of the nation.

GEO. H. THURSTON,
JOHN SHIPTON,
C. D. BRIGHAM,
GEO. H. HOLTZMAN,
WM. F. LAIG,
SAM'L M. WICKERSHAM,
SAM'L RICHARDSON,
W. W. WARD. } Com.

NATIONAL COTTON GROWING CONVENTION.—The proposition for a National Cotton Growing Convention, first advocated by A. Penfield, Esq., of Boston, is meeting with favor in high quarters. Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, writes to Mr. Penfield, who addressed him on the subject, heartily indorsing the proposition and suggesting the holding of the convention either in Boston or in New York, some time in November next. General Howard says the entire labor to produce a large cotton crop next year, and he feels assured that such a convention would aid in the solution of many practical problems concerning the laboring interests of the freedmen and the material interests of the country.

ABOUT RIGHT.—Writers upon preserving eyesight say that if persons, every time they wash their faces, press their eyes forward, or try to make them round as they can, taking care not to press or flatten the pupil of the eye, their eyesight would be improved. The Boston *Courier* says this "theory" is based upon the idea that the structure of this organ can be changed, and it adds "as well might people try to turn a snub nose into an aquiline by pulling down the end of it every time they wash their faces."

Washington Topics and Gossip.

THE TEST OATH.

It has been supposed up to this time that the test oath of 1862 would be required of all the Southern members in the next Congress, and that no person would be allowed to take his seat in that body who cannot or does not take that oath. It is not known, however, that a strong government is on foot which, if successful, will have the effect of admitting to seats in that body men from the South who will frankly admit that they cannot take the oath, but who will yet claim that they are loyal citizens. I have not yet ascertained how or where this movement originated. But I know that it is regarded with favor by some of the ablest and most influential Republican members of both houses of Congress, and there is at least a probability that it will be successful. There is no means of knowing yet whether the President approves of the measure or not. He has certainly not expressed his disapproval of it. The movement looks to the admission to their seats next December of all the members from the Southern States whose credentials will show that they are legally elected, and the repeal of the test oath at an early period of the session. The following Republican senators are said to be in favor of the measure: Mr. Conness, of California; Mr. Fessenden, of Maine; Mr. Cresswell, of Maryland; Mr. Henderson and Brown, of Missouri; Mr. Morgan and Mr. Harris, of New York; Mr. Sherman, of Ohio; Mr. Cowan, of Pennsylvania; Mr. Collamer, of Vermont; Mr. Wilkey and Mr. Van Winkle, of West Virginia; Mr. Doolittle, of Wisconsin; Mr. Patterson, of Tennessee; Mr. Segar, of Virginia. The reason for which the measure is pressed is said to be a conviction of the fact, not only that the test oath is unconstitutional, but also that its imposition now would be extremely injudicious and unwise. Its imposition would exclude from Congress many who were in the Union made as long as it was possible to be so, and who opposed secession with all their might.

SECRETARY M'CULLOCH AND THE SPECULATORS.

Upon the gold question Mr. McCulloch will have a word to say one of these days. He does not attempt to conceal his opinions and purposes. He means to bring the country back to the specie basis and a redeemable currency. He is doubtless aware of the opposition he will meet with in Congress from the speculators, but the great interests of a nation are not to be sacrificed to the selfishness of a few individuals. It is an important and significant fact that the leading bankers of the country urge the Secretary to contract the currency rather than expand it. Jay Cooke, the eminent financial agent of the Government (in the sale of its loans), advocates a speedy resumption of specie payments—that is within a year from this time. Very much depends upon Congress, but the Secretary of the Treasury will be very decided in his recommendations upon this subject. The President is with him most heartily, I hear, on the question of making the paper currency redeemable in coin. He is an old Democrat and has old fashioned prejudices against a paper currency, and naturally takes sides with the Secretary against a speculator's rise.

MR. SEWARD AND THE RECONSTRUCTION QUESTION.

Mr. Seward and family are absent for a short time from this city, and the State Department is run by inferior officers. Both Mr. Seward and his son Frederick are in delicate health. Mr. Seward tells his friends that the moment the "reconstruction question" is settled he shall retire from public life. He hopes to be able to do this next summer, before the extremely warm weather sets in. That is, he hopes that the new Congress at its first session will dispose of the subject—admitting the rebel States to representation. Mr. Seward, as is well known, urges an extremely generous policy towards the South. It will be adopted by Congress without long debates and intense excitement. When such men as Gen. Banks take their stand against the immediate admission of the Southern members it is an influential fact. Their opposition will meet with fierce opposition, even though it should triumph in the course of the winter. The Republican majority insists upon Congress admission, but he says that Congress must decide the question.

IOWA'S UNITED STATES SENATOR.

The duty will devolve upon the Legislature of Iowa, which meets this winter, of electing a Senator in the place of Mr. Grimes, whose term has now expired. The Senator who succeeds Mr. GRIMES will hold his seat in Congress during the full term of six years, or until the year 1872. It is said to be settled that Hon. James Harlan, the present able and efficient Secretary of the Interior, will be the fortunate man in this instance.

MR. SEWARD AND THE FENIANS.

The English story that Mr. Seward gave the notice to Great Britain of the Fenian movements concerning Ireland, continues to excite comment in England. Secretary's absence, but it is not credited by those who are presumed to be in a position to give it an unequivocal denial.

AMERICA VS. FRANCE.

Mr. Henry Moreau, the eminent French general statistician, made a request of Minister Bigelow to furnish him with statistics concerning the national debt and the Government resources. Mr. Bigelow forwarded the request to Secretary McCulloch, who has just sent to Mr. Bigelow a package containing copies of all official reports and documents that can impart the desired information. The package is accompanied by a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, thanking Mr. Moreau for the kind interest he manifests in our welfare, and applauding the motive that induces the request for the financial statement. Other letters of a similar kind from other foreign gentlemen and officials have been recently received, disclosing confidence in our resources and financial strength.

THE CAPTURED DAVIS TREASURE.

The treasure captured among Jeff. Davis's effects by Major General Wilson's forces, in Georgia, and brought here by Mr. Twombley, of the Redemption Bureau of the Treasury, has been counted at the cashier's room of the Treasury. It amounts to eighty-seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight dollars in gold, mostly old coinage; eight thousand eight hundred and twenty-two dollars in silver; one hundred and forty-six pieces of foreign coin, gold and silver, value not yet estimated, and fifty-six bricks of silver, weighing over five pounds each, the estimated value of which is one hundred dollars each; the value of the whole being somewhat over one hundred thousand dollars. Some of this money and bullion is identified by the Bank of Virginia, the Exchange Bank of Virginia, and the Farmers' Bank of Virginia, as being a portion of their funds carried off at the time of the evacuation of Richmond. No claim has yet been made by the Department on the claims that have been made for it.

Iron and Steel Manufacture.

The value of iron and steel manufactures in this country is estimated for the year ending June 30th, 1865, as follows:—

Railroad	$21,429,225
Bar	37,171,150
Sheet and plate	10,227,200
Nails, spikes, etc	10,441,540
Castings	25,491,100
Marine engines	2,181,140
Steel, and manufactures of	12,751,000
Miscellaneous iron manufactures	63,065,300

Total value of iron and steel $181,136,515

On this aggregate value the direct tax actually paid was $3,882,596. It is thought that the tax on income and the various taxes on coal and other adjuncts of the iron manufacture would at least double this sum. The census of 1860 enumerates thirty-six establishments for the manufacture of bar, sheet and railroad iron in the Middle States in 1860, with an invested capital of $2,057,850; the cost of raw material annually is stated to have been $2,615,941; the number of male hands employed, 1,439; cost of labor, $665,659; and annual value of products, $6,868,700.

MARRIED:

BURT—JENNINGS.—On Tuesday evening, by the Rev. W. R. Howard, D. D., at the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. HENRY BURT, Esq., to MARY LOUISE, daughter of John F. Jennings, Esq., all of Allegheny City.

POWELL—JENNISON.—Thursday morning, September 28th, by Rev. R. M. Wallace, ALBERT J. HOOLE, of Cincinnati, and MATTIE, daughter of Hugh Dennison, of Pittsburgh.

GOOD CIDER ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

By the use of

NEUTRAL SULPHATE OF LIME.

The best and most reliable article, put up in packages sufficient for one barrel. Sold wholesale and retail at

McCLARRAN'S DRUG STORE,
McCLARRAN'S DRUG STORE,

85 Market street, near Fifth street.
85 Market street, near Fifth street.

Also, the finest Indigo, best Soda Ash, pure Pine Tar, and the finest stock of Medicinal Liquors in the city. When in need of drugs or medicines, be sure to go the above named house, and you will get none but the best articles. oct6

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Rev. Edward A. Wilson's Prepared Prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections, has now been in use over ten years with the most marked success.

The Remedy, prepared under Mr. Wilson's personal supervision, also a pamphlet containing the original Prescription, with full and explicit directions for preparation and use, together with a short history of his case, may be obtained of

JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist,
cor. of Market street and the Diamond, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Price of the Remedy is $3. Samples furnished free of charge. Sent by mail anywhere by JOSEPH FLEMING, on receipt of $3 25. oct2-3t

SUNDRIES.

200 bbls. White Lime.
50 half bbls. Lake Trout.
50 " " White Fish.
200 boxes Goshen Cheese.

For sale by
oct2 J. B. CANFIELD.

BARLEY.

A choice article of Canadian Barley.
D. WALLACE,
353 Liberty street.
for sale by
oct1

100 CADDIES QUARTER POUND

Lump, pure Virginia Tobacco, made in Richmond. For sale by
ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
oct2 corner of Smithfield and Water streets.

FARMER'S

FOREST WINE BITTERS.

30 cases very superior, 8 years old, Forest Wine Bitters, warranted genuine, in store and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
s6e29 251 and 253 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET.

A NEW BRICK HOUSE, OF FIVE ROOMS,

in the Seventh Ward. Inquire of
C. T. EWING, Attorney-at-Law,
oct12-tf No. 103 Fourth street.

OIL CITY AND PITTSBURGH

OIL COMPANY.
Capital, $30,000. Shares, $2 each. Dividend No. 3.
The Board of Directors of the
OIL CITY AND PITTSBURGH OIL COMPANY
Have this day declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the capital stock, payable on the 20th inst. Transfers of stock will not be made after the 18th.
oct12-3t J. K. MORANGE, Treasurer.

GOOD INTENT OIL COMPANY.

Dividend No. 8.

This Company have this day declared a dividend of twenty dollars per share of one hundred and thirty-five dollars paid in, payable forthwith by
J. K. MORANGE, Treasurer.
oct12-3t

HOUSE AND TWO LOTS FOR SALE—

Having a front on Forbes street of 40 feet and extending back 80 feet N., inches to a 10 foot street. On one of the lots is erected a modern style two story brick dwelling, tastefully arranged, six rooms, finished attic, hot and cold water. The yard is enclosed with a neat fence and planted with trees and shrubbery. Has a commanding view of the entire Sixth Ward and surrounding country. Is offered low. Possession given soon. Apply to [oc-12] B. McLAIN & CO.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC OUTCRY,

at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY next, October 14th, at 10 o'clock A. M., all those

FOUR STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSES

And three story brick store situated on the corner of Sandusky and Lacock streets, in the city of Allegheny, Pa. Terms at sale. oct2-3t

H. ROHBOCK,

Teacher of Piano, Organ and Singing.

Communications left at the Pittsburgh Postoffice or at his residence, 79 Robinson street, Allegheny, will receive attention.

For sale very cheap, and long credit, a Chickering Piano. oct11-6d

HOUSE FOR SALE.

A First-class Dwelling House

ON NORTH-SIDE OF WEST COMMON,

No. 146 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

Lot 59½ feet front by 170 deep. Building, three story brick, containing fifteen rooms, elegantly finished, in modern style. Gas and water through the building—bath room, water closets, heating apparatus and every convenience found in a first-class dwelling.

A handsome and well constructed brick stable and carriage house on rear of lot. Inquire of
JOS. W. SPENCER,
(at John Porter's,) No. 91 Market street, or
JOS. W. KERR,
oct12 3t Architect, No. 25 St. Clair street.

Time and Distance Indicator,

[*Copyright secured.*]

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WASHINGTON
CINCINNATI
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CHICAGO
ST. LOUIS
MILWAUKEE
DETROIT
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The Daily Commercial

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1865.

Secret History of the Rebellion.

Another Version of the Yancey-Hill Encounter

We have published the statement made by the Nashville *Banner* concerning the cause of the death of Wm. L. Yancey. The other side of the case is given by the Richmond *Times*, with some interesting bits of secret history, as follows:

"Though we knew nothing of the last illness of Mr. Yancey, nor of the circumstances that immediately preceded his death, our information in relation to the affair in the Senate chamber, to which he alludes, is sufficient to authorize us in declaring his version of the occurrence to be incorrect in every particular. With the conviction upon us that we shall make a story of less thrilling tragic interest, we shall lay before our readers the main facts of the affair, for the authority of which we are, from personal knowledge, willing to vouch.

"During the session of 1863 the Conscript bill, which was to put into the army all white residents between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, chiefly engaged the attention of the Confederate Congress. Mr. Yancey had opposed the conscript act of 1862, upon the ground of its unconstitutionality, contending that the conditional mode of raising troops was by requisition of the President upon the Governors of the several States; but when the subject came up in the Senate in 1863 he declared that, after patient and thorough investigation of the subject, he had discovered his error and become convinced that Congress had authority to raise troops by conscription. Mr. Hill followed Mr. Yancey in the discussion. There was bad feeling between them, engendered during the debate of the same question in 1862, and it now blazed out afresh. In the course of his remarks Mr. Hill taunted Mr. Yancey with his inconsistency and tergiversation, Mr. Yancey, throwing into his manner and countenance an expression of the most concentrated rage, disgust and contempt, uttered the monosyllable 'Pish!' The Senate occupied the north room on the second floor of the Capitol, in which the military commission now sits. Mr. Yancey was in his seat near the western window; Mr. Hill was standing near his seat in front of the President's chair. As the offensive sentence was uttered, the latter stopped in the middle of a sentence, his face crimsoned, and he shot his angry glance at his adversary, who met it with a steady look of defiance; but instantly recovering himself, he resumed his remarks as if nothing had occurred. When he concluded, the Senate resolved into secret session, and the lobby and reporters' seats were cleared. After a brief secret session the Senate adjourned. As Mr. Yancey passed Mr. Hill's seat on the way to the door, an angry word or two were exchanged, and Mr. Yancey received a severe blow on the left cheek, which, however, did not knock him down. Senators interposed and separated the combatants. The matter was quiet, and few persons in the city, except the members and officers of the Senate, ever heard of the occurrence. Immediately after the adjournment of the Senate the journal clerk called up the reporters of the city newspapers, and prevailed upon them to suppress the debate. Three days afterward Mr. Yancy appeared in his seat with a black eye, but in other respects looking in his usual health.

"More than a month subsequently, when all traces of the rencontre had disappeared from his person, and the angry debate had quite passed out of men's minds, he one day, being evidently in superb mental and physical condition, rose in his seat to a personal explanation, and replied to Mr. Hill's attack upon him in a studied, bitter philippic of over two hours' length. The remarks were almost entirely personal, but there was nothing of temper apparent in his manner, which was calm, cold and elegant. He analyzes his opponent with all the *savoir faire* that a cheerful lecturer might display over an inanimate subject. Mr. Hill had the reputation, whether deserved or not we do not decide, of a want of fixedness in his convictions and opinions. Mr. Yancey compared him at length to the 'little joker' of the thimble rigger, so difficult, he declared, was it to tell where really it was.

"The survivor of these two gentlemen will doubtless be amazed to learn that he 'is a man of wonderful muscular development.' Mr. Hill is between thirty-five and forty years of age, is about six feet one inch in height, with much more bone than muscle, and will weigh about one hundred and fifty pounds. Mr. Yancey was perhaps an inch less in stature, but of full habit, and weighed between one hundred and sixty and one hundred and seventy-five pounds. At the time of the difficulty Mr. Yancey must have been fifty years of age. When his death was announced in Richmond, twelve months or more after the rencontre in the Senate chamber, the two events were not spoken of in connection, and were never, we believe, thought of as cause and consequence, except by the writer in the Nashville *Republican Banner*."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS Matthews' VENETIAN HAIR DYE has stood the test of trial, and is constantly increasing in public favor.

The VENETIAN HAIR DYE is the best and cheapest made. Its price is only 75 cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

THIS HAIR DYE is manufactured by a peculiar process, which renders it infinitely superior to any dye in the market. Being composed in one bottle, no preparation is required, which greatly simplifies the application.

IN USING THIS DYE, you avoid that RUSTY, DEAD appearance by which dyed hair and whiskers are so readily recognized, when an inferior article has been used, as it produces a perfectly natural color of any shade that is desired, from a rich brown to a jetty, lustrous black, that will not stain, crock or stain the clothing. Invest 75 cents, and you will be convinced. Sold by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. A. I. MATTHEWS, Manufacturer.

DEMAS BARNES & Co., New York, Wholesale Ag'ts. oct29-ly

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
Third door from Suspension Bridge, Allegheny Pa.
ap15. Branch Store at Salem, Ohio.

TOBACCO.

On hand and for sale, a complete assortment of
Ohio Seed Leaf Fillers and Wrappers,
Mason county and other grades, Cutting Lugs, fine bright Cutting Leaf and all grades bright and dark manufacturing Fillers and Wrappers.
Orders for leaf promptly and carefully executed.
mh31-1y 122 West Second st., Cincinnati, O. RICHARD WALLACE.

TOBACCO & CIGAR BUSINESS.

An interest in the above business for sale very reasonable. The location is the best one in the city. This chance will only be offered one week. Address immediately "B," Commercial office.
oct11-tf

NEW TOBACCO HOUSE.

BAKER, SMITH & CO.,
Dealers at wholesale in
TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, ETC.,
No. 297 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh Pa.
Storage can be had by applying at 297 Liberty
au7-1y

CARPETS.

WE ARE DAILY RECEIVING
OUR NEW STOCK OF
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
WOOLEN AND COTTON AND LINEN DRUGGETS
NO CRUMB CLOTHS,
DAMASK, REPS AND LACE WINDOW CURTAINS.
Comprising everything new and desirable, which we offer at
Popular Prices.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 Fifth Street,
Next Building to the United States Custom House.
oc6

ANOTHER ARRIVAL
OF
NEW GOODS.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
ENGLISH & AMERICAN BRUSSELS
Tapestry Ingrain,
EXTRA SUPER AND FINE
CARPETS,
China and Cocoa Mattings,
Oil Cloths, &c.,
AT PRICES
Lower than Ever Reached this Season.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
No. 23 Fifth Street.
je22

ERNEST AXTHELM, No. 103 THIRD street, Pittsburgh, Agent for PLAYNER & KAYSER'S
Noiseless-Patent Sewing Machines.
These Sewing Machines are known as the very best in the United States. They are warranted, and sold at the Lowest Prices. Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Repairing of Sewing Machines of every kind promptly attended to. se30-1y

WHEAT.

A few cars prime winter Wheat arriving and for sale by D. WALLACE,
oc11 353 Liberty street.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.

Last night but two of Miss ANNETTE INCE and Mr. J. TAYLOR.

First time in several years of the thrilling Scotch drama of "Jeanie Deans."

THIS (Thursday) EVENING, will be presented
JEANNIE DEANS; or, THE HEART OF MID LOTHIAN.

Jeanie Deans.....Miss Annette Ince.
David Deans.....Mr. J. H. Taylor.

With a cast of character and effects presented, that challenges any heretofore placed upon the Pittsburgh stage.

Overture.....Orchestra.

To conclude with BROTHER BILL AND ME

Friday, benefit of Miss Annette Ince.

Madm. SCHELLER will shortly appear.

TENNYSON CLUB LECTURES.

JOHN C. SAXE.

MASONIC HALL.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY EVENINGS,
October 16th and 17th, 1865.

LECTURE COMMITTEE:
J. R. BUTTERFIELD, STEPHEN WOODS,
T. M. BAYNE, H. R. DAVIS.
J. M. GAZZAM, F. W. KENNEDY,
W. D. BELL.
GEO. T. VAN DOREN, President.
J. M. GAZZAM, Secretary. oct11-1w

INSURANCE.

PEOPLE'S INSURANCE CO.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, northeast corner Wood and Fifth streets, second floor.

Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire
on Dwellings, Stores and other buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS:
WM. PHILLIPS, SAMUEL P. SHRIVER,
JOHN WATT, Capt. J. L. RHODES,
JOHN E. PARKE, WM. VANKIRK,
CHAS. S. BISSELL, JAS. D. VERNER,
LOGAN GLASS, C. HANSON LOVE,
J. F. KIRKPATRICK, CHAS. ARBUCKLE.
JOHN GIVEN,
WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
WM. F. GAITHER, Secretary.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH—Office, corner Market and Water streets, second floor.
WM. BAGALEY, President.
WM. A. SHEPPARD, Secretary.

Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.
Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous and the navigation of the seas.
Insures against loss and damage by fire.

DIRECTORS.
WM. BAGALEY, JOHN SHIPTON,
JAMES PARK, Jr., JAMES M. COOPER,
W. G. JOHNSTON, S. HARBAUGH,
B. F. JONES, J. CALDWELL, Jr.
SAMUEL REA, JOHN S. DILWORTH,
HON. T. M. HOWE, GEORGE RINGHAM,
BARCLAY PRESTON, WM. A. RODGERS,
S. M. KIER. de22

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
R. MILLER, Jr., PRESIDENT.
GEO. H. THURSTON, SECRETARY.
Office, No. 92 Water street, Spang, Chalfant & Co's warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of fire and marine risks. A home institution, managed by directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined, by prompt and liberal adjustment, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS.
R. MILLER, Jr., ANDREW ACKLEY,
JAMES McAULEY, ALEXANDER SPEER,
NATH'L HOLMES, DAVID M. LONG,
ALEX. NIMICK, REES EVANS,
GEORGE DARSIE CHARLES J. CLARKE,
C. B. HERRON, JOHN R. McCUNE,
C. W. RICKETSON, WM. P. HERBERT, Sec.
de24-1y

CASH
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Pittsburgh.
Office—No. 57 Fourth street, Burke's Building.
CASH CAPITAL, . . . $100,000.
ISAAC M. PENNOCK, President.
JOHN F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
THOS. GRAHAM, Secretary.
INSURES AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.
INSURES STEAMBOATS AND CARGOES.
Policies issued on the most favorable terms.
ISAAC M. PENNOCK, President.
JOHN F. JENNINGS, Vice President.

N. J. BIGLEY, JOHN STEVENSON,
DANIEL WALLACE, JAKE HILLMAN,
H. W. OLIVER, Jr., ROBT H. KING,
WM. H. FORSYTHE, SAM'L M'CLURKAN,
THOS. DONNELLY, H. HARTMAN.
ALEXANDER CHAMBERS.
au27-tf

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Fire and Marine Insurance.
Office No. 95 Water street, Pittsburgh.
je16-1y P. A. MADERIA, Agent.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, No. 37 Fifth street Bank Block.
Insures again stall kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
ISAAC JONES, President.
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
D. M. BOOK, Secretary.
CAPTAIN WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:
ISAAC JONES, JOHN D. McCORD,
C. A. HUTSEY, Captain ADAM JACOBS
HARVEY CHILDS, R. B. STERLING,
Captain R. C. GRAY, Captain WM. DEAN,
JOHN IRWIN, Jr., R. B. McGREW,
B. L. FAHNESTOCK, ROBERT H. DAVIS.
je6-1y

BANKS AND BANKERS.

U. S. 7-30 BONDS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE NOW prepared to receive subscriptions for this new loan, in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, interest coming on the days of the month. Every person who can spare $50 can place it on interest at one cent a day, making $18.25 a year interest, payable semi-annually, principal payable in three years, or convertible into 5-20 six per cent. bonds, the interest of which is payable in gold.
For further particulars, apply to
jy30 HANNA, HART & CO., Agents.

SAMUEL WORK, KRAMER & RAHM, WM. M'COUCH.
Pittsburgh.
BANKING HOUSE OF
WORK, McCOUCH & CO.,
No. 36 South Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Dealers in BANK NOTES, COIN AND EXCHANGE. Stocks, Loans and other Securities bought and sold on commission. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
United States Loans bought and sold at market rates
au24-1f

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK
OF
PITTSBURGH.
Capital paid in $1,000,000, with Privilege of $2,000,000.
Banking House Cor. First & Wood.
This Bank, organized under the National Banking System, is now prepared to transact business at its Banking House, corner of Wood and First streets.
Collections made on all accessible points, on the most favorable terms. Special Agents for JAY COOKE, for the sale of
U. S. 7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES.
SAMUEL REA, President.
F. M. GORDON, Cashier.
J. C. McPHERSON, Teller.
my1-6m

THE
EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH,
Chartered by State of Pennsylvania, 1836.
CAPITAL.....1,000,000
ORGANIZED UNDER NATIONAL LAW, 1865.
This Bank has been designated a
DEPOSITORY OF THE
United States Treasury,
and appointed agent for the sale of the
7-30 LOAN.
Every facility will be offered to investors or parties purchasing for re-sale.
H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
my1-tf

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company,) Capital now $600,000, paid in, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.
The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.
The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.
Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.
The business will be conducted by the same officers and Directors.

DIRECTORS:
JAMES LAUGHLIN, ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS, FRANCIS G. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL, JOHN H. RALSTON,
THOS. WIGHTMAN, JOHN WILSON,
WM. K. NIMICK,
JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
se7 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee and Manager.....Miss ANNIE EBERLE.

Continued success of Miss MOLLIE WILLIAMS, Fourth night of the popular comedian, FELIX A. VINCENT.

W. H. Leak as Count Henry Beaumont. Mollie Williams in six characters. Felix Vincent in two characters.

THURSDAY EVENING, October 12th, 1865, the entertainment will commence with the romantic drama, in three acts, entitled
SATAN IN PARIS.

The Mysterious Stranger.....Mollie Williams.
Count Varville.....Felix A. Vincent.
Favorite Dance.....Little Lizzie.

To conclude with the amusing interlude of OBLIGT OF INTEREST. Fanny, Mollie Williams. Barny, Felix A. Vincent.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN Saturday afternoon.

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERY,
19 Diamond, over Lippincott's Grocery Store.
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same. je28-1y

CLOTHING.

NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS.
The undersigned are happy to inform all those who are in want of
CLOTHING,
Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers,
Ties, Scarfs, Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,
Suspenders, Socks,
Hats and Caps,
Of all descriptions, or any other article belonging to the line of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
That they have just received a large and well selected stock of the above-mentioned articles, and are now offering the same at the
Lowest Cash Figures,
And at prices which defy competition. Goods sold there warranted as represented. Also just received,
A Large Stock of Overcoats,
Ranging in prices from $8 00 to $15 00. Call and examine their stock, which is open for the inspection of all.
N. GROSSMAYER & CO.,
47 *FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE THEATRE.*
Branch: 29 St. Clair Street.
se28

LADLAY.....OWEN BYRNE.
REVIVAL OF FALL TRADE.
SPLENDID STOCK OF
PIECE GOODS
OF RECENT IMPORTATION.
Also, a fine assortment of
READY-MADE
BUSINESS COATS AND SUITS,
Which we have on hand and are receiving daily.
AN ELEGANT BEAVER OVERCOAT
For $30, worth $45. Call and examine our stock.
WM. LADLAY & CO.
se8-3m

JOHN S. LEE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
And Dealer in
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
NO. 49 ST. CLAIR ST., PITTSBURGH.
my16

STATIONERY.

SALEM, OHIO.
Isaac Trescott,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
BOOKS, RAGS, WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS, WRITING PAPERS, STATIONERY, ETC.,
Orders promptly executed. Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily COMMERCIAL. my22-1y

HOLDEN'S, ARNOLD'S, LAUGHLIN & BUSHFIELD'S WRITING FLUID,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
au31 Corner Wood and Third streets.

CHARLES MAGARGE & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PAPER, RAGS, &c.,
No. 30, 32 and 34 South Sixth street, above Chestnut west side,
dec13-1y PHILADELPHIA, PA.

CASH BOXES,
CALCULATORS,
BILL HEADS, and
POST-OFFICE BOXES,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
oc10 corner Wood and Third streets.

ALEX. M'CLINTOCK'S
SAW-MILL,
(Successor to Robert Wrightman.)
LAWRENCEVILLE.
I am now prepared to furnish
Sawed Lumber & Bill Stuff for Buildings,
Bridges, Deck Plank, Boat Siding, CLEAR DRY LUMBER for Pattern Making, Shingles, Nail Keg Lath, Pailings Sawed Hickory for wagon purposes, and STEAMBOAT FENDERS.
All orders left at my office, corner of Mechanic st. and Allegheny River, or Box No. 182, Lawrenceville Postoffice, will be thankfully received and PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
ALEX. McCLINTOCK,
Pittsburgh, August 23, 1865. au23-3m

WESTMORELAND HOTEL,
PIT HOLE, VENANGO CO., PA.
GOOD ACCOMMODATION FOR TRAVELERS.
Choice WINES, LIQUORS and SEGARS constantly on hand. MILLER & SCHOFIELD,
oc3-1w Proprietors.

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
BRASS FOUNDERS AND FINISHERS,
Corner Third and Liberty streets.
oc3-3m

VINEGAR.
The subscriber having enlarged his VINEGAR WORKS, at his new Warehouse, No. 167 and 169 SECOND STREET, is now prepared promptly to fill orders. A. HALLOU,
se29-3m Office 170 second street, Between Smithfield and Grant streets.

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA,
Wholesale Dealers
—IN—
COTTON YARNS,
Cotton and Linen Carpet Chains

BATTING,	WADDING,
TWINES,	WICKS,
COVERLET YARNS,	GRAIN BAGS,
CORDAGE,	FANCY COVERLETS,
OIL CLOTHS,	FANCY BASKETS,

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, &c., &c.
se22-6m

AT EATON'S, 17 FIFTH STREET,
Just Received
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE GOODS AND EMBROIDERIES;
LACE GOODS AND RUFFLINGS;
COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS;
BONNET, NECK AND SASH RIBBONS;
EXTRA SILK BELTING—full line;
PLAID VELVET RIBBONS;
VELVET RIBBONS—all colors;
WHITE EDGE, SCARLET and BLACK VELVET RIBBONS;
NEW STYLE HAT VEILS;
THREAD AND LACE VEILS—full assortment;
BEAD ORNAMENTS AND SETS;
BEAD AND SILK BUTTONS;
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
Full line FURNISHING GOODS for Ladies and Gents;
ZEPHYR KNIT GOODS;
FULL LINE HOSIERY AND GLOVES;
FINE ASSORTMENT ZEPHYRS AND YARNS;
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS GENERALLY AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
F. H. EATON,
NO. 17 FIFTH ST
se27

FISH—

50	half bbls. new No. 3	Large Mackerel.	
50	barrels	do	do
10	do	No. 2	Shore
10	do	No. 1	Shore
75	quarters	No. 1	Shore
25	halves	No. 1	Bay

For sale by
se26 MILLER & ICKETSON.

PIANOS.

PIANOS. PIANOS.
FRESH STOCK.
Complete Copy of Orders.
THE SUBSCRIBER INFORMS the public that he has now returned from New York and Boston, after making the
Most extensive selection of Pianos
ever brought to this city.
A Complete List
Of the various kinds and styles is given below, comprising
FIFTY-NINE
INSTRUMENTS.

Chickering & Son's Manufacture.

1	7 octave,	round front	corners,	octagon legs,
2	do	do	do	do
3	do	do	do	do
4	do	do	do	do
5	do	do	do	do
6	do	do	do	do
7	do	do	do	do
8	do	do	do	do
9	do	do	do	do
10	do	do	do	do
11	do	do	do	do
12	do	do	do	do
13	do	do	do	do
14	do	do	do	do
15	do	do	do	carved legs,
16	do	do	do	do
17	do	do	do	do
18	do	do	do	do
19	do	do	do	do
20	do	do	do	do
21	do	round front,	double plinth	mouldings,
				octagon legs.
22	do	do	do	do
23	do	do	do	do
24	do	do	do	do
25	do	do	do	do
26	do	do	do	do
27	do	do	do	carved legs.
28	do	do	do	do
29	do	upper mouldings,		octagon legs.
30	do	serpentine plinth,		carved legs.
31	do	do	do	do
32	do	do	do	do
33	do	do	do	do
34	do	do	do	do
35	do	all round corners	do	do
36	do	do	upper and lower	moulding do
37	do	do	do	do
38	do	do	extra mouldings,	extra carved legs.
39	do	do	do	do
40	do	do	do	do
41	do	do	do	do

A. H. Gale & Co.'s Manufacture.

42	7 octave,	medium size,	round front,	octagon legs.
43	do	do	do	do
44	do	do	do	do
45	do	do	do	do
46	do	do	serpentine mouldings,	carved legs.
47	do	do	do	do
48	do	do	do	do
49	do	do	do	do
50	do	large size,	round front,	octagon legs.
51	do	do	serpentine mouldings,	carved legs.

G. M. Guild & Co.'s Manufacture.

52	7 octave,	round corners,	octagon legs.	
53	do	do	do	
54	do	do	do	
55	do	do	do	
56	do	rich mouldings,	extra carved legs.	

Wm. Bourne & Co.'s Manufacture.

57	7 octave,	round front,	octagon legs,	
58	do	do	do	
59	do	do	carved legs.	

A portion of the above stock will be open and ready for examination on
MONDAY, the 9th instant,
And the remainder will arrive weekly until the whole number is received.
Prices exactly the same as at the Factory.
All persons desirous of purchasing
A PIANO,
Will undoubtedly find it to their advantage to call at the subscribers, Warerooms and examine this assortment.
Every Instrument Warranted for 5 years.
CHAS. C. MELLOR,
81 Wood street,
oct2-2w-eod between Fourth st. and Diamond alley.

MERCANTILE BROKERS.

WM. S. BRYAN.....JNO. A. CAUGHEY.
BRYAN & CAUGHEY,
(Successors to Geo. S. Bryan & Co.,)
Commission Merchants,
For the sale of
PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &C.,
No. 74 Water Street,
jy5-1y *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,
METAL BROKER,
NO. 114 FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Josephine, Isabella, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite and Charcoal Charcoal and Forge Pig Iron, Blooms, &c. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. jy22

WM. A. McCLURG,
MERCHANDISE BROKER
And Commission Merchant in Teas, Coffees, Spices, &c.
AGENT FOR
Philadelphia Central Spice Mills, New York Corn Exchange Paper Bags, Prof Morris' Azumea Baking Powder, McCandless & Smith's Pure Malt Vinegar.
OFFICE, No. 63 WOOD STREET.
au21-1y

JOHN MOORHEAD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FOR THE SALE OF
Pig Iron and Blooms.
NO. 74 WATER ST., PITTSBURGH.
Als Agent for the Pottsville Rail Mill. Orders solicited for T rails, 22 25 28, 40 45 50 and 56 pounds to the yard, and Street Rails, Philadelphia pattern, 40 pounds to the yard. je6

STEEL & BAILEY,
Stock Brokers,
WILKINS HALL.
The Bankers' and Brokers' Board having adopted the following RATES OF COMMISSION, we will be governed thereby from this date:

Stocks selling at $2 and under,	2 cents per share.
Do do $2 and up to $25,	1 per cent.
Do do $25 and up to $100,	25 cts. pr. share.
Do do $100 and over,	¼ of 1 per cent.

jy11

ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Commercial Broker,
Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets,
Opposite the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, Pa.
my29-1y

CIVIL ENGINEERING.

IGNATIUS HAHN,
Civil, Mining and Mechanical Engineer,
And Engineering Agent. Office 75 Grant street. Estimates, plans and working drawings for rolling-mills, steel-works, blast furnaces, all kinds of machinery and apparatus. Maps of survey of oil, iron and coal lands. Private lessons in all technical sciences. Drawing lasses. Schaffer & Budenberg's renowned steam, hydraulic and vacuum gauges, patent steam traps, and general steam engine and boiler fittings. se11-1m

BORING TOOLS AND HYDRALIC JACKS.
I am selling the heavy boring tools complete, made of the best iron and steel, at $300 the set. I have also the celebrated Hydralic Jacks, (Blackwood's patent,) for raising vertically or horizontally 4, 7, 10 or 15 tons. Please examine them.
CHARLES MAGEE, Agent,
jy19-T,T&S 113 Third street.

FRENCH YOKE SHIRTS,
FRENCH YOKE SHIRTS,
FRENCH YOKE SHIRTS,
Made to order at the
GREAT SHIRT EMPORIUM,
72 Fifth Street, Opposite Postoffice,
And sent by express to all parts of the country.
PERFECT FIT WARRANTED IN ALL CASES.
MURDOCK & PUTNAM,
Successors to
T. S. ROBINSON & CO.
se30-1m—THFAS

SYRUP.
50 bbls. Lovering's Syrup for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
oc7 corner Irwin and Liberty streets.

PETROLEUM.

W. T. H. BROOKS.....A. H. CHENEY,
G. B. MASTERLY.....J. R. PEET.
BROOKS, PEET AND CO.,
GENERAL DEALERS IN
Oil and Oil Lands, Leases and Interests.
Office on Street leading to U. S. Well,
se30-1m PITHOLE CITY, PA.

TENANT FARM
OIL COMPANY,
Office, No. 115 Fourth Street.
This Company was organized on the 28th inst., under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The Territory of the Company is situated on DUNKARD CREEK, between the lands of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company and the Dunkard Creek Petroleum Company.

Capital Stock	$150,000
Working Fund	25,000
Par Value of each Share	$1 00

OFFICERS:
President.....S. A. JOHNSON.
Secretary and Treasurer.....ISAAC NOCK.
DIRECTORS.

Frank Snyder,	James Graham,
J. G. Wolf,	Stephen Lawson.
H. W. Ritchie.	

au30-1f

DUNKARD CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY.
Office, No. 115 Fourth Street.
This company was organized on the 29th inst., under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The territory of the company adjoins the lands of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company, of this city.

CAPITAL STOCK	$225 000
WORKING FUND	25,000
PAR VALUE OF EACH SHARE	1 00

OFFICERS.
President—S. A. JOHNSTON.
Secretary and Treasurer—ISAAC NOCK.
DIRECTORS.

S. A. JOHNSTON,	L. S. RIGDON,
FRANK SNYDER,	JAMES GRAHAM,
F. D. GRIST,	W. C. KING,
H. W. RITCHIE.	

je8-1y

GREAT WESTERN OIL COMPANY, OF OHIO.—Office at Malta, Morgan county, Ohio. The company's business is also represented at No. 129 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Capital, $150,000, in shares of $1 each. Working capital, $25 000. The company has 400 hundred acres of the best oil territory in the State of Ohio, one hundred and ten acres of which is located on the Ohio Berry Farm, within one mile and a half of the Clements Farm, on Buck Run, well known among oil men. The work of the company is progressing finely. One well is down 120 feet, with good indications of oil; another is down about 90 feet. Everything is going on so well, and approvements so good, that the company expects an early success. The lands of the company all lie in Morgan county, Ohio, in the valleys of Wolf Run and Jones Creeks.
JOHN R. COUDREY, President.
JOHN CROFT, Secretary and Treasurer.
Directors—John R. Coudrey, David Croft, S. D. Rothermel, J. L. Berry, G. Meyer, John Croft. se15-1m

WM. M. MURRAY.....L. WILCOX
WM. M. MURRAY & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND DEALERS IN
Crude and Refined Petroleum,
BENZINE, &C.
Extra facilities for
Storing Oil and Empty Oil Barrels.
Warehouse and office: DUQUESNE WAY, near HAND street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap12-1y

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers of
Lamps, Lamp Goods, Chandeliers, &c.
ALSO, DEALERS IN
CARBON OILS, BENZINE, &c.,
No. 164 Wood Street, near Sixth,
oc3 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COMMERCIAL OIL WORKS.
Pure White Burning Oil,
Constantly on hand, and for sale at the
LOWEST MARKET RATES,
BY
B. C. & J. H. SAWYER,
au3 47 WOOD STREET.

SOMETHING NEW.
METAL HYDROMETERS,
That will not break or get out of order, for
Testing Carbon Oil.
Having succeeded, by dint of close study and application, in producing a Hydrometer in metal for testing Carbon Oil, I respectfully offer it to the attention of dealers and those engaged in Refining, as an article that will not break or get out of order, is adjustment being so simple that any one may readily understand it. Those constantly using this instrument it will be found a great boon, as an article that has long been required after, and which needs only to be seen to be appreciated.
For sale by the Manufacturer,
GEO. E. SHAW,
No. 58 Fifth street.
Every kind of HYDROMETER and THERMOMETER known, constantly on hand or made to order.
mh11

PURE MECCA OIL.
15 BBLS. LUBRICATING MECCAOIL.
Received and for sale by
GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
au2 141 Water street.

OIL WELL STEAM ENGINES.
I am prepared to furnish Steam Engines so much approved of for Oil Wells and other purposes, on the shortest notice, having different sized Engines on hand, and connecting Tubing. The public can be accommodated with almost any size they want. The work to show for itself. WILLIAM FISHER, Fifth Ward, between Mechanic and Harrison streets, Pittsburgh je20-6m

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AGENTS FOR THE
Pacific, Globe and Liberty Oil Works
Ample Storage for crude and Refined Oil.
Liberal cash advance made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum.
Yard for storage and shipment of Crude at Lawrenceville.
Office and Warehouse, Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. se11

PENNOCK, BALL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Eureka Carbon Oil, Eureka Lubric Oil, and Wholesale Dealers in Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils,
se7 No. 31 Market street, Pittsburgh.

RIDER & CLARK,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND FACTORS IN
Petroleum and its Products,
OILS, CANDLES, &c.
98 Water and 132 Front street Pittsburgh, 51 Broad street New York.
Agents of the Portland Kerosene Oil works, New York Paraffine Candle Company, &c. au26-1y

COCHRAN & RUSSELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
and dealers in
Crude and Petroleum Oils and Naval Stores.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
se29 22 North Front street, Philadelphia.

THE ARDESCO OIL COMPANY
manufacture and have for sale a
Superior Quality of Refined Ardesco Oil (Non-explosive).
Also, PURE BENZOLE.
Warehouse, 27 Irwin street, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
At 63 Market Street.
SOUTH & ROSS.
au22

GENTLEMAN'S CALF BOOTS
AND CONGRESS GAITERS.
A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable prices.
S. DALZELL,
No. 132 Smithfield St., fourth door from Virgin Alley

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.
JOS. SPENCER.....JAS. M'KAY
SPENCER & McKAY,
Malsters & Brewers
OF
ALE, PORTER, AND BROWN STOUT,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-1y

FINE DOUBLE BARL'D SHOT GUNS—Made by Wesley Richards, W. Greener, Moore & Harris, and other celebrated makers, just received and for sale by
JAMES BOWN,
jy5 136 Wood street.

TANNERIES.

G. W. KIEFER.....C. L. STRAUB.....WM. HUMMEL.
GENERAL GRANT TANNERY.
KIEFER STRAUB & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Leather.
Tannery at Hillside Station, on Pennsylvania R. R.
Office, No. 58 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa
THE HIGHEST PRICE paid for HIDES and CALF-SKINS. ja28-1y

ATTORNEYS.

NOTICE.
ALEX. B. RIGGS,
NASHVILLE, TENN.,
Attorney at Law, Real Estate and Collection Agent.
References—Jas. Veech, Esq: Hon. H. W. Williams,

The Pittsburgh Daily Commercial: Thursday, October 12, 1865.

CITY MATTERS.

Allegheny County Election Returns.

DISTRICTS.	Auditor General. Hartranft, R.	Auditor General. Davis, R.	Surveyor General. Campbell, R.	Surveyor General. Linton, R.	District Attorney. Duff, R.	District Attorney. Lowrie, R.
PITTSBURGH:						
First Ward	302	82	300	84	297	70
Second Ward	285	101	287	101	282	101
Third Ward	111	44	110	44	121	44
Fourth Ward	322	116	324	116	323	114
Fifth Ward, 1st Precinct	142	148	148	141	152	152
Fifth Ward, 2d Precinct	27	260	277	268	260	273
Sixth Ward	461	225	464	225	455	227
Seventh Ward	87	90	90	88	89	88
Eighth Ward	277	98	282	98	283	89
Ninth Ward	206	115	206	115	207	116
Tenth Ward	216	104	207	125	214	122
ALLEGHENY:						
First Ward	403	88	403	89	399	85
Second Ward	382	90	382	90	384	88
Third Ward, 1st Precinct	382	90	377	91	381	91
Third Ward, 2d Precinct	164	186	177	183	169	176
Fourth Ward, 1st Precinct	142	144	139	146	139	147
Fourth Ward, 2d Precinct	123	107	123	104	121	110
BOROUGHS.						
West Pittsburgh	73	46	72	46	72	46
Temperanceville	104	58	104	59	102	57
Monongahela	44	62	45	62	45	64
Manchester	199	153	194	155	178	155
East Birmingham	240	205	236	213	241	207
Birmingham, 1st Precinct	149	109	144	113	147	110
Birmingham, 2d Precinct	187	132	171	145	184	132
Sharpsburgh	133	123	1341	124	133	131
Duquesne	83	59	91	57	89	57
Lawrenceville, 1st Ward	119	111	118	111	118	111
Lawrenceville, 2d Ward	138	82	136	83	138	82
Sewickley	47	58	47	58	47	58
South Pittsburgh	166	88	168	89	166	90
Tarentum	97	93	93	96	97	93
W. Elizabeth	38	47	33	48	35	45
TOWNSHIPS.						
Reserve	151	188	132	188	155	186
Union	113	39	113	41	115	41
Liberty	163	25	160	27	163	27
Collins	244	37	241	37	242	37
Wilkins	235	57	231	59	235	59
Lower St. Clair	130	250	126	256	129	257
McClure	97	46	97	46	97	46
Pitt	174	82	172	83	168	80
Ross	197	107	197	107	197	107
East Deer	72	30	72	30	72	30
Moon	94	75	91	77	92	77
Hampton	146	73	146	73	146	73
Mifflin	144	157	144	156	141	156
Harrison	78	28	80	28	78	28
Hartwell	58	59	58	59	58	59
Plum	115	60	114	59	115	60
Marshall	114	71	113	71	113	71
Versailles	112	71	110	73	110	73
Scott	83	34	83	31	83	35
Upper St. Clair	119	42	119	42	119	42
Baldwin	116	47	113	49	117	45
Patton	102	68	102	68	102	66
South Fayette	121	27	120	27	121	27
Crescent	11	28	11	28	11	28

DISTRICTS.	Controller, Lambert, R.	Controller, Miller, D.	Treasurer, Aiken, R.	Treasurer, Kerr, D.	State Senate Graham, R.	State Senate Hays, D.
PITTSBURGH.						
First Ward	296	86	296	81	293	85
Second Ward	288	99	280	104	280	101
Third Ward	111	44	110	44	112	43
Fourth Ward	324	111	319	116	316	114
Fifth Ward, 1st Precinct	152	151	149	154	147	154
Fifth Ward, 2d Precinct	277	260	277	268	270	273
Sixth Ward	457	222	454	223	457	223
Seventh Ward	150	85	148	86	149	87
Eighth Ward	280	97	280	93	282	90
Ninth Ward	208	112	206	114	206	114
Tenth Ward	189	140	217	112	209	116
ALLEGHENY.						
First Ward	403	88	403	89	399	85
Second Ward	382	90	382	90	384	88
Third Ward, 1st Precinct	382	90	377	91	381	91
Third Ward, 2d Precinct	164	186	177	183	169	176
Fourth Ward, 1st Precinct	142	144	139	146	139	147
Fourth Ward, 2d Precinct	123	107	123	104	121	110
BOROUGHS.						
West Pittsburgh	73	46	72	46	72	46
Temperanceville	104	58	104	59	102	57
Monongahela	44	62	45	62	45	64
Manchester	199	153	194	155	178	155
East Birmingham	240	205	236	213	241	207
Birmingham, 1st Precinct	149	109	144	113	147	110
Birmingham, 2d Precinct	187	132	171	145	184	132
Sharpsburgh	133	123	1341	124	133	131
Duquesne	83	59	91	57	89	57
Lawrenceville, 1st Ward	119	111	118	111	118	111
Lawrenceville, 2d Ward	138	82	136	83	138	82
Sewickley	47	58	47	58	47	58
South Pittsburgh	166	88	168	89	166	90
Tarentum	97	93	93	96	97	93
West Elizabeth	38	47	33	48	35	45
TOWNSHIPS.						
Reserve	151	188	132	188	155	186
Union	113	39	113	41	115	41
Liberty	163	25	160	27	163	27
Collins	244	37	241	37	242	37
Wilkins	235	57	231	59	235	59
Lower St. Clair	130	250	126	256	129	257
McClure	97	46	97	46	97	46
Pitt	174	82	172	83	168	80
Ross	197	107	197	107	197	107
East Deer	72	30	72	30	72	30
Moon	94	75	91	77	92	77
Hampton	146	73	146	73	146	73
Mifflin	144	157	144	156	141	156
Harrison	78	28	80	28	78	28
Hartwell	58	59	58	59	58	59
Plum	115	60	114	59	115	60
Marshall	114	71	113	71	113	71
Versailles	112	71	110	73	110	73
Scott	83	34	83	31	83	35
Upper St. Clair	119	42	119	42	119	42
Baldwin	116	47	113	49	117	45
Patton	102	68	102	68	102	66
South Fayette	121	27	120	27	121	27
Crescent	11	28	11	28	11	28

DISTRICTS.	Commissioner, Neely, R.	Commissioner, Conroy, D.	Surveyor, Hamilton, R.	Surveyor, Hoffstot, D.
PITTSBURGH.				
First Ward	295	81	294	82
Second Ward	290	99	280	100
Third Ward	111	44	110	44
Fourth Ward	327	114	318	119
Fifth Ward, 1st Precinct	153	151	148	154
Fifth Ward, 2d Precinct	279	262	277	268
Sixth Ward	458	222	454	223
Seventh Ward	150	85	148	86
Eighth Ward	280	97	280	93
Ninth Ward	208	114	206	114
Tenth Ward	189	140	217	112
ALLEGHENY.				
First Ward	403	88	403	89
Second Ward	382	90	382	90
Third Ward, 1st Precinct	382	90	377	91
Third Ward, 2d Precinct	164	186	177	183
Fourth Ward, 1st Precinct	142	144	139	146
Fourth Ward, 2d Precinct	123	107	123	104
BOROUGHS.				
West Pittsburgh	73	46	72	46
Temperanceville	104	58	104	59
Monongahela	44	62	45	62
Manchester	199	153	194	155
East Birmingham	240	205	236	213
Birmingham, 1st Precinct	149	109	144	113
Birmingham, 2d Precinct	187	132	171	145
Sharpsburgh	133	123	1341	124
Duquesne	83	59	91	57
Lawrenceville, 1st Ward	119	111	118	111
Lawrenceville, 2d Ward	138	82	136	83
Sewickley	47	58	47	58
South Pittsburgh	166	88	168	89
Tarentum	97	93	93	96
West Elizabeth	38	47	33	48
TOWNSHIPS.				
Reserve	151	188	132	188
Union	113	39	113	41
Liberty	163	25	160	27
Collins	244	37	241	37
Wilkins	235	57	231	59
Lower St. Clair	130	250	126	256
McClure	97	46	97	46
Pitt	174	82	172	83
Ross	197	107	197	107
East Deer	72	30	72	30
Moon	94	75	91	77
Hampton	146	73	146	73
Mifflin	144	157	144	156
Harrison	78	28	80	28
Hartwell	58	59	58	59
Plum	115	60	114	59
Marshall	114	71	113	71
Versailles	112	71	110	73
Scott	83	34	83	31
Upper St. Clair	119	42	119	42
Baldwin	116	47	113	49
Patton	102	68	102	68
South Fayette	121	27	120	27
Crescent	11	28	11	28

ASSEMBLY.

DISTRICTS.	McKee, R.	Herron, R.	Slack, R.	Shaffer, R.	Glass, R.	Banks, D.	Large, D.	Gibson, D.	McCarthy, D.	Ewalt, D.	McCarty, D.	Bryan, D.
PITTSBURGH.												
1st ward	308	310	306	310	300	302	71	72	71	72	74	71
2 ward	288	293	291	293	276	291	95	95	96	95	95	96
3 ward	117	116	116	117	116	117	451	452	452	450	452	451
4 ward	324	324	320	324	320	324	430	431	432	430	432	430
5 ward, 1 p	150	149	150	151	144	149	150	151	144	149	150	151
5 ward, 2 p	270	270	253	270	253	228	260	261	258	262	258	259
6 ward	454	454	450	454	450	454	90	90	90	90	90	90
7 ward	142	143	140	143	130	142	80	91	80	90	92	80
8 ward	281	281	281	281	281	262	90	91	90	91	90	90
9 ward	116	116	116	116	116	116	116	116	116	116	116	116
10 ward	212	212	212	217	209	212	120	120	120	120	120	120
ALLEY.												
1 ward	403	403	390	402	391	398	92	94	91	94	91	92
2 ward	459	461	429	457	449	457	163	162	160	162	162	163
3 ward	230	230	230	230	230	230	97	97	97	97	97	97
4 ward, 2 p	170	170	169	170	164	168	185	185	185	185	185	185
4 ward, 1 p	432	432	438	435	432	432	137	137	134	134	135	136
4 ward, 2 p	122	122	122	122	122	122	105	105	105	105	105	105
BOROUGHS.												
Temperville	91	102	102	106	100	98	58	58	58	58	58	58
W Elizabeth	73	73	73	73	72	73	49	46	46	46	46	46
Tarentum	97	97	97	97	97	97	43	43	43	43	43	34
W Elizabeth	37	37	37	37	37	37	33	33	33	33	33	33
Law've, 1 w	117	117	117	117	117	117	113	113	113	113	113	113
Law've, 2 w	136	136	136	136	137	136	82	82	82	82	82	82
Sewickley	61	61	61	61	61	61	57	57	57	57	57	57
S Pittsburg	116	116	115	115	115	114	89	89	89	89	88	89
Birm'h, 1 p	146	145	146	145	144	145	111	111	111	111	111	111
Birm'h, 2 p	184	184	184	184	184	184	137	139	136	136	137	137
Duquesne	86	79	78	80	76	79	59	59	59	59	59	59
Sharpsburg	133	133	133	133	133	133	122	122	122	122	122	122
E Birm'hm	227	227	228	228	223	228	209	209	209	209	209	209
M'chester	196	191	182	202	200	202	156	156	156	156	156	155
Monongah'a	81	81	81	81	81	81	64	64	64	64	64	64
TOWNSHIPS												
Pitt	181	181	179	181	179	179	80	80	79	80	74	71
McClure	88	90	85	88	86	87	76	76	75	74	74	75
Ross	109	109	103	109	107	104	64	64	64	63	64	63
Reserve	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191
Union	117	117	117	117	117	117	39	39	39	39	39	39
Liberty	164	164	163	164	164	165	27	27	27	27	27	27
Collins	236	236	236	236	236	236	68	68	68	68	68	68
Wilkins	208	208	208	208	206	209	73	74	72	72	73	73
L St Clair	126	126	126	126	126	125	260	257	257	257	257	257
East Deer	72	72	72	72	72	72	30	30	30	30	30	30
Harrison	78	78	76	78	76	78	30	30	30	30	30	30
Mifflin	144	144	144	144	144	144	156	155	155	155	155	155
Hampton	146	146	142	144	139	141	99	99	97	97	97	97
Moon	92	92	94	94	90	94	77	77	77	77	77	77
Marshall	113	113	113	113	113	113	71	71	71	71	71	71
Charters	119	108	109	110	110	110	73	73	73	73	73	73
Plum	115	115	115	115	112	115	60	60	60	60	60	60
Versailles	110	110	110	110	110	110	73	73	73	73	73	73
Scott	83	83	83	83	84	83	34	34	34	34	34	34
Upper St Clair	118	118	118	118	118	118	42	42	42	42	42	42
Baldwin	115	115	115	115	115	115	49	49	49	49	49	49
Patton	101	101	101	101	101	97	67	67	67	67	67	67
S Fayette	120	120	120	121	120	118	28	28	28	28	28	28
Crescent	11	11	11	11	11	11	28	28	28	28	28	28

Fire At Clinton Iron Works—The Sheet Mill and Nail Factory Destroyed.

Yesterday morning about four o'clock, a fire broke out in the Iron Works of Messrs. Graff, Bennett & Co., on Carson street, in Monongahela Borough, which resulted in the destruction of the nail factory and sheet mill. The fire originated in the cellar of the nail factory, where six hundred empty kegs had been deposited on the previous day, but whether it was the result of anaccident or the work of an incendiary has not yet been definitely ascertained. The rolling mill, which is situated on the east side of the nail factory, was in great danger for a short time, but through the exertions of the Fire Department it was saved.

The loss by the fire will be heavy, but the amount has not been estimated. It is said that the engine and machinery has been considerably damaged. Thirty-two nail cutting machines, which were in the nail factory, were destroyed. The amount of insurance is $17,000. The rolling mill will be in full operation to-day, and the sheet mill of the firm, on Girty's run three miles from the city, will be enabled to supply all the orders now on hand. The portion of the works destroyed will be rebuilt immediately; the firm having contracted for the lumber yesterday. It is expected that the works will be completed and in operation within sixty days.

CRICKET MATCH.—A match game of cricket will take place to-day, on the West Common, Allegheny, between the Olympic Club of this city, and the Washington county club. The play will commence at nine o'clock A.M. A closely contested game is anticipated.

MILLINERY OPENING.—The lady readers of the COMMERCIAL will bear in mind that Mrs. M. Christy will to-day open, at No. 44 St. Clair street, a handsome assortment of French pattern bonnets, for Fall and Winter wear. Also, a new style of gipsy bonnet. Mrs. Christy's assortment is a very beautiful one, and cannot fail to please.

INTERMENTS IN THE CITY.—Dr. Geo. L. McCook, physician of Board of Health, reports the number of interments in the city for the week ending October 7th, at fifteen—seven adults and eight children. The deaths were from the following causes: Typhus, 1; consumption, 2; dysentery, 2; typho d fever, 1; d. c. diarrhœa, 1; diphtheria, 1; croup, 1; cropal diphtheria, 1; congestion of brain, 1; pneumonia, 1; still born, 1; consumption, 1.

SENT EAST.—The steamer Vigilant, of this city, was shipped to Philadelphia yesterday afternoon, and will be followed on Saturday by about eighty members of the company, who intend participating in the grand firemen's demonstration, which will take place in that city on Monday next. The Light Guard Band, of Chicago, will arrive here on Friday night, and will accompany the excursionists.

BEAUTIFUL FIREMEN'S TRUMPET.—In the window of W. G. Dunseath & Co., Jewellers, Fifth street, may be seen a beautiful silver trumpet, to be presented to the Vigilant Fire Company, who are about to visit Philadelphia. The trumpet is made from coin silver, weighs about forty-five ounces, and is handsomely and appropriately embossed and chased. Its workmanship is creditable to the manufacturers, and Messrs. Dunseath & Co. deserve praise for the manner of its get up.

NUISANCER CASE.—Mayor Morrison, of Allegheny, was engaged last evening in hearing the case of a German butcher, named Roedel, who was charged by a large number of neighbors with maintaining a nuisance in the shape of a slaughter-house, on Morgan street, near the Fair Ground. Testimony was adduced that the stench was unbearable, and that the prosecution was instituted in order to have the nuisance abated. The defendant stated that he had killed a few sheep in his yard, but that the stench complained of was occasioned by rendering lard. He had a number of witnesses, and the case was not concluded when our reporter left the office.

ACCIDENT ON THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On Tuesday about noon, Catherine Casey, aged fourteen years, was run over by a freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Brinton Station, and injured so severely as to cause death in a few hours afterwards. The deceased was walking along the railroad track, when the accommodation train which leaves this city at 11 o'clock passed along. She stepped off the track to let the train pass, when a freight train which was coming west knocked her down and ran over her. The passenger on the accommodation train ordered the engineer, and made signs for her to get off the track, which she apparently misinterpreted. Alderman Donald held an inquest on the body yesterday afternoon, when the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

MAN MISSING.—Information wanted of the whereabouts of John D. Million, formerly a Lieutenant in company C, West Virginia infantry; was mustered out of the United States service July 3, 1865. Said John D. Million is five feet seven inches high; average weight 165 pounds; broad shoulders; full breast; muscular frame; dark complexion; broad forehead; large nose; full black eyes; broad, full forehead; high cheek bones; black mustache and large white front teeth; was last heard from August 11, 1865, at Pittsburgh, Pa; had been trafficking in horses, mules, &c. Any information that would lead to the discovery of his whereabouts or present address will be thankfully received by his friends and relatives. Eastern papers please copy. Address postoffice box 31, Argyle, Wisconsin.

AQUATIC SPORTS.

The Pittsburgh Four-Oared Crew Challenged by the Ward Brothers—Defeat of Charles Ward.

The New York *Clipper* for this week contains the following challenge to the crew of the Pittsburgh boat "Friendship:"—"We are authorized officially to announce, that the Newburgh four-oared crew, the brothers Ward, who recently defeated the New York crew for the championship of the American waters, can be matched to row a race of five miles against the four-oared crew of the Pittsburgh boat—the "Friendship," —for the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars a side, and they will allow the latter five hundred dollars for expenses to row on the Hudson river. If the match is finally arranged the Pittsburgh and New York crew for the championship of the American waters, can be each party to pay their own expenses. Or the Newburgh crew will take the same amount and row the race in Pittsburgh. As it has been currently stated in New York that nothing would give greater satisfaction to the Pittsburgh oarsmen than a trial of rowing skill with the Newburgh crew, the latter hope that the former will take immediate steps in making a proper reply to this direct challenge, so that the race may come off before the season is far advanced for an aquatic contest. It is not unlikely that Wallace Ross will be accommodated with as little delay as possible. Charles Ward and Jarred Raymond had a single scull contest on the 2d inst., which resulted in the defeat of the former, who was the favorite, by three minutes and thirty seconds.

Remains of a Child Found—Coroner's Inquest.

Yesterday morning as some men were engaged in removing the rubbish from the cellar attached to Mr. E. G. Crehin's drug store, on Carson street, Birmingham, the remains of an infant were discovered in a large jar on a shelf in the rear of the cellar steps. Coroner Clawson was apprised of the fact, but as he was engaged as a witness at Court in the Frecke case, he detailed Alderman Donaldson to hold an inquest. The Alderman visited Birmingham, and empanelled a jury, when Christian Crummel, a clerk in the drug store, made the following statement: A girl named Mrs. F. McDowell, a physician of Birmingham, (who is at present undergoing an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for producing an abortion on Mrs. Wolf, the wife of a soldier,) called at the drug store on Saturday night, after midnight, and was witness a package wrapped up in a newspaper. He told him that it was the body of a dead born child, and that requested him to keep it secretly, which he consented to do. In the morning Dr. McDowell again visited the store, having with him a glass fruit jar, and after purchasing a gallon of alcohol, placed the child in it. The Doctor then stated that he wished to preserve the body, and that he would have it in his drug cellar for a few days. The jar was then placed on the shelf, and the doctor failing to call for it, it remained there until yesterday. The jury, after hearing the testimony of several other witnesses, Alderman Donaldson adjourned the inquest until Monday next, in order to consult with the District Attorney in regard to the matter.

The Allegheny Embezzlement Case—Statement of Mayor Morrison.

Several of the daily papers, a few days since, contained accounts of a case of embezzlement in Allegheny city, in which a young man named Mueller was charged with purloining perfumery and other articles from his employers, Messrs. Howell & Co. The young man, it seems, escaped punishment for his crime, by the father making restitution to his employers, and the young man enlisting in the army. Some unkind remarks were made concerning Mayor Morrison in these accounts, intimating that he was guilty of compounding a felony. The following certificates will establish the Mayor's innocence of any wrong doing in the case:—

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Allegheny City, Oct. 11, 1865.

I hereby refer the public to the following statements, which I think will fully explain, and at the same time establish the fact that no favor or leniency has been wrongfully accorded to the prisoner, with an infraction of the law.

JOHN MORRISON.

ALLEGHENY CITY, Oct. 11, 1865.

This is to certify that on Saturday morning last, a week ago, my son was arrested by officer Williams, at the instance of Messrs. Howell & Co., charged with robbing his store while in the employment of the said doctor; that the boy was placed in the Mayor's lock-up, but no information was made before the Mayor; that nobody else, nor was the Mayor, to the best of my knowledge, informed of the nature of the offense, if any, committed by the boy.

The boy was brought away from the Mayor's Office, and taken to the recruiting office in Pittsburgh, accompanied by officers Williams and Hawke; this same officer Williams paid Williams six dollars in Fox's drug store, and in the afternoon of the same day, I paid him ten dollars for his trouble.

RUDOLPH MUELLER.

ALLEGHENY CITY, October 11, 1865.

MAYOR:—In reference to the case of young Mueller, who was referred to in the *Leader* of Sunday last, and in which allusion was made to you, I have to state that you knew nothing about the charge against Mueller; there was no information made, the matter having been arranged between the father and myself, when the boy was taken to the recruiting office in Pittsburgh.

I regret that such allusion was made reflecting on your official conduct, you, to the best of my knowledge and belief, being totally ignorant of the facts in the case. I desire further to say that the publication referred to, so far as it reflected on you, must have originated in malice, as the whole so for as you are concerned is destitute of truth.

THOS. HEWITT, M. D.

ALLEGHENY CITY, October 8.

MAYOR:—In the case of the arrest of young Mueller, I have to state, that, in the absence of the Sheriff, I took young Mueller to the Mayor's office and had him locked up, where in the meantime, the father of the boy with Dr. Hewitt, came to the Mayor's office and were in waiting when the Mayor first came to the office that morning. When I asked the father and the doctor agreed to a settlement of the affair, I spoke to the Mayor that the boy was locked up who was charged with robbing a drug store, or something to that effect, and that the father and the druggist were here and asked to know whether it would be better to send him to the House of Refuge or into the army, when the Mayor replied that he knew nothing about it, as there was no information made before him, and that he the Mayor could pass no opinion on the subject. There was no information made to the Mayor nor did the Mayor inquire into the matter. The doctor and the father then left, and I conducted the boy (with the son) delivered to the recruiting office in Pittsburgh, to which place I conveyed him, assisted by officer Hawke, and at the request of the father and doctor agreeing to this arrangement, but made no information whatever to the Mayor.

JOHN L. WILLIAMS.

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—To-night the versatile performers, Miss Mollie Williams and Felix A. Vincent, will appear in "Satan in Paris" and "An Object of Interest." These young favorites have become favorites already with the patrons of the Opera House.

THEATRE.—The comedienne actress, Miss Annette Ince, and talented actor, Mr. J. H. Taylor, will assist Mr. Forrest to-night in the favorite scottish play of "Jennie Deans, or the Heart of Midlothian." It is many years since this play was performed here, and will doubtless attract a crowded audience.

SHARPLEY'S MINSTREELS.—The famous Ironclad Minstrels, under the management of the veteran Sam Sandford, will open at Masonic Hall, on the 20th, for seven nights only. Mr. C. B. Griste, the accomplished *avant courier* of the Iron Clads, has arrived, and is making arrangements for their coming.

MADAME METHUA SCHELLER, one of the most accomplished actresses on the American stage, and whose performance of "Ophelia" to Edwin Forrest's "Hamlet," has been pronounced the best ever witnessed in New York, will be the next star at the Pittsburgh theatre.

PRODUCE.—

50 bbls. Green Apples;
4 " Flaxseed;
2 " Eggs;
2,000 lbs. Buckwheat Flour. In store and for sale by J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
oc13 Nos. 190 and 192 Second street.

20 HHDS. PRIME P. R. SUGAR.

15 hhds prime Cuba Sugar.
40 bbls. assorted brands Syrup, together with a full assortment of goods in our line. For sale by
GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
my23 141 and 143 Water street.

STARCH.

50 boxes Oswego Corn Starch.
50 do do pure do.
50 do do Silver Gloss Starch.
50 do Madison Starch. For sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
oc7 co-ner of Irwin and Liberty streets.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

BANKERS' AND BROKERS' BOARD.

A. A. CARRIER, Pres't. | J. M. TIERNAN, V. P.
S. S. BRYAN, SECRETARY.

Meets Daily at 10½ O'Clock, A. M.

TRANSACTIONS OCT. 11, 1865, AT THE BOARD.

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 6's 1881	107 00	.....
United States 5-20's	103 00	.....
United States 7 30's, new	104 50	.....
United States 7-30's	98 00	.....
United States 10-40's	93 00	.....
Gold	1 42	.....
Allegheny County 6's	72 50	.....
Pittsburgh 6's	89 00	.....
Pennsylvania Railroad Bonds	89 50	.....
Butler County Bonds	.....	87 75
Birmingham Gas Co	34 00	.....
Allegheny Insurance	25 00	.....
Cash Insurance	.....	60 00
Eureka Insurance	51 00	.....
Pennsylvania Insurance	.....	29 00
Western Insurance	51 00	.....
Connellsville RR. stock	9 25	.....
Do Interest	10 00	.....
Fourth National Bank	.....	130 00
Iron City Bank	80 00	.....
Tradesmen's National	.....	120 00
Allegheny and Pittsburgh Oil	.....	9 00
Eldorado	.....	50
Murray	.....	75
Oil Basin	.....	9 00
Ohio Valley	23	25
Philadelphia, Lancaster & Cherry Run	.....	1 75
National Refining and Storing Co	8 00	.....
Falston	1 00	1 25
Phœnix	.....	1 05

SALES.

500 United States 7-30s, 2d Series.....$98 75
100 Ohio Valley..... 25

Gold opened in New York at 144¾.

WEDNESDAY, October 11—P. M.

The local stock market retains still its inactive condition. Columbia has become a very saleable stock. It sold to-day at 34. The company announce a dividend of three per cent. This will be grateful news to its stockholders. Some of the cheaper non-producing companies are being taken up at very low rates by parties who desire to obtain a controlling interest in order to establish better management in their affairs. We hope they will succeed. There is no doubt much good oil territory lying idle in the hands of companies who have spent all their working capital.

United States oil stock advanced again to-day in New York, selling at 29 85, with heavy transactions both regular and on time. The prospects for this stock recovering the price it sold at prior to the recent accident are very fair. It is only the fear of similar occurrences that keeps it below 40, which it is fully worth, but for the fears entertained of fire. Rynd maintained the advance of yesterday, selling at 1 02. The recent action of this company in reducing the capital stock from two millions to five hundred thousand dollars, has had a favorable effect on its market value. Pithole Creek rose suddenly to 8½, from some cause unexplained. At the annual meeting yesterday of the Ross Oil Company, an election took place, which resulted in the re-election of nearly all the former officers. There was a pretty large vote of the stockholders. The following are the names of the officers:

President—Wm. McCutcheon.
Treasurer—A. Burchfield.
Secretary—Hoyt, Wray, Jr.
Directors—J. W. Kennedy, Capt. J. T. Stockdale, Robert Wray, Jr., Wade Hampton and Marcus Hulings.

The following comparative statement shows the average condition of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for the past and previous week:

Last Week.	This Week.			
Capital	$14,442,350	$14,442,350		
Loans	26,923,014	26,766,102	Dec.	$152,244
Specie	1,092,755	1,036,705	"	56,050
Legal Tenders	17,257,021	16,465,959	"	883,656
Deposits	26,726,262	25,258,178	"	1,160,184
Circulation	7,056,981	7,082,197	Inc.	25,216

The bank averages the past week show a very even business, with a decrease in every item except that of circulation, which shows a very small increase. The decrease